

Unit 3 Improving lives تحسين الحياة

By Mr Ashraf Jad

Definitions تعريفات

criminal	<input type="checkbox"/> A person who commits a crime جريمة	مجرم
burglary	<input type="checkbox"/> The crime of entering a building illegally to steal things	السطو على المنازل
burglar	لص منازل جريمة دخول مبنى بشكل غير قانوني لسرقة الأشياء	
steal	<input type="checkbox"/> To take things from someone or a place without permission or paying أخذ الأشياء من شخص ما أو مكان دون إذن أو دفع	يسرق
thief	<input type="checkbox"/> A person who steal something from another one or place الشخص الذي يسرق شيئاً من شخص آخر أو مكان آخر	لص
in debt	<input type="checkbox"/> when you owe money to someone عندما يكون لدينا المال لشخص ما	مديون
workhouse	<input type="checkbox"/> a building where very poor people in England used to live and work, مبنى حيث الفقراء جداً في انكلترا اعتادوا على العيش والعمل	إصلاحية
novel	<input type="checkbox"/> a story about people that are real / novels كاتبة روايات	رواية
prison	<input type="checkbox"/> a building where people who do something wrong are sent	سجن
moral	<input type="checkbox"/> A lesson to be learned from a story درس يمكن تعلمه من قصة	
kidnap	<input type="checkbox"/> to take a person away by force, usually in order to demand money	يخطف
reward	<input type="checkbox"/> To be given something good for something you have done	يكافئ / مكافاه
Law	<input type="checkbox"/> law قاتون / lawyer محامى	قانون
go wrong	<input type="checkbox"/> Our marriage began to go wrong after we had our first child.	يفشل / يحدث به خطأ
voluntary work	<input type="checkbox"/> She does voluntary work for the Red Cross . الصليب الأحمر .	العمل التطوعي

Important Vocabulary

a play	مسرحية	group	مجموعة	The industrial revolution	الثورة الصناعية
adult	بالغ	half-brother	أخ غير شقيق	the police	الشرطة
American	أمريكي	journalist	صحفي	the poor	الفقراء
asleep	نائم	kidnapper	خاطف	the rich	الأغنياء
Australian	استرالي	law	قانون	thieves	لصوص
beach	الشاطئ	lawyer	محامى	think of	يفكر في
brainstorm	فكر بإبداع	leisure	وقت فراغ	train	قطار
burglar	لص يسطو على المنازل	London	لندن	The industrial	
burglary	السطو على المنازل	main	رئيسي	robbery	سرقة بالعنف
character	شخصية	make money	يكسب مال	shoot	يطلق نار
century	قرن (100 عام)	manager	مدير	structure	تركيب
clerk	موظف	morals	أخلاق	suggestion	اقتراح
crime	جريمة	good morals	الأخلاق الحميدة	summary	ملخص
criminal	مجرم	next door	بالجوار	surprise	مفاجأة
cruel	قاسي	nephew	ابن أخ	surprised	مندهش
debt	دين	niece	ابنة أخ	unhappy	تعييس
affect	يؤثر على	OK	حسناً	voluntary	تطوعي
effect	تأثير	orphan	يتيم	volunteer	متطوع
effective	فعال	plan	خطة	was born	ولد
London	لندن	planning	تخطيط		

England	انجلترا	pocket	جيب	workhouse	إصلاحية
Europe	أوروبا	prison	سجن	worse	أسوأ
expert	خبير	readers	القراء	writer	كاتب
experience	خبرة	rob	يسرق (بنك مثلاً)	unhappy	تعييس
free time	وقت فراغ	robber	لص	voluntary	تطوعي

Verbs أفعال

adapt	يتكيف	earn	يكسب	reward	يكافئ
adopt	يتبنى	escape	يهرب	punish	يعاقب
commit	يرتكب	steal	يسرق	kidnap	يخطف
guess	يخمن	punish	يعاقب	send away	يطرد
plan	يخطط	rob(a place)	يسرق (مكان)	write	يكتب
realise	يدرك	gain	يكتسب	hear of	يسمع عن
run away	يهرب	go wrong	يتعطل	hear from	يتلقى أخبار
show	يبين	explain	يشرح	solve	يحل
suggest	يقترح	improve	يحسن	introduce	يقدم

3 Complete the sentences with these words from the text.

Criminal مجرم	burglary السطو على المنازل	Thief لص	steal يسرق
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- If you're a _____, you take things from other people.
- There was a _____ in the house next door while everyone was asleep at home.
- A person went into the shop to _____ a new phone.
- The police are looking for a _____ who has escaped from prison.

**Oliver Twist** أوليفر تويست

By Charles Dickens , an English Writer (born 1812 – died 1870)

Oliver Twist was born in the 1830s

ولد أوليفر تويست في الثلاثينات من القرن الثامن عشر .

His mother died so he was taken to a home for the poor called a workhouse الإصلاحية. One day, Oliver asks the workhouse manager, **Mr Bumble** السيد بومبل , for some more food طلب أوليفر المزيد من الطعام .



Mr Bumble becomes angry غضبا and sends Oliver away. He walks to London ويمشي إلى لندن . He doesn't know where to go nextتلك بعد , إنه لا يعرف إلى أين يذهب but a boy introduces him to a man called Faginفاجين .



Fagin is a criminal فاجين مجرم who trains boys to steal السرقه . When Oliver sees the boys taking something from an old man, he realises يدرك he can't live as a thief كص and runs away يهرب .

Mr Brownlow السيد براونلو , the man the thieves stole from, finds Oliver and takes him home إلى المنزل . Oliver feels very happy with Mr Brownlow, but a man called **Bill Sikes** بيل سيكيس and a woman called **Nancy** نانسي find Oliver and take him back to Fagin فاجين .



Fagin sends Oliver to help Bill Sykes with a burglary فاجين يرسل أوليفر لمساعدة بيل سيكيس ولكن يتم اطلاق النار على أوليفر مع السطو but Oliver is shot. The woman who lives in the house which Bill Sykes was trying to steal from, is called **Mrs Maylie** السيدة مايلى. She lets Oliver stay with her and her niece, Rose. (تسمح لـ أوليفر) فاجين بالبقاء معها ومع ابنة أخيها (روز). Fagin tries to take Oliver again, but Nancy tells Rose about his plan ولكن نانسي تخبر روز عن خطته.



The Maylies then find out that Rose is Oliver's aunt.

عائلة السيدة مايلى تعرف أن روز هي خالة أوليفر (أخت والدته)

They help him find Mr Brownlow again, and to explain why Oliver left his house. يساعده في العثور على السيد براونلو مرة أخرى، وشرح لماذا غادر أوليفر منزله.

In the end, **Mr Brownlow adopts Oliver** as his son and looks after him well. في النهاية، السيد براونلو يتبنى أوليفر كابنه ويعتني به بشكل جيد.

2 Read the summary of *Oliver Twist*. Which sentence best describes the novel's message?

- a) Rich people will have happier lives than poor people.
- b) Bad people will always have happier lives than good people
- c) Good people will always live happier lives than bad people.

3 Read the summary again. Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 Mr Bumble was angry with Oliver because he wanted more food. { T }
- 2 Fagin found Oliver when he was living in the streets. {.....}
- 3 Fagin had a group of boys who stole things from people in London. {.....}
- 4 Mr Brownlow let Oliver live with him. {.....}
- 5 Bill Sykes helps Oliver. {.....}
- 6 Mr Brownlow found out that he was **Oliver's** grandfather at the end of the book. {.....}

4 Discuss these questions in pairs.

- 1 How do you think Oliver felt when he arrived in London on his own?
1 كيف تعتقد أن أوليفر شعر عندما وصل إلى لندن بمفرده ؟
☐ *I think Oliver felt sad* أعتقد أن (أوليفر) شعر بالحزن
- 2 How do you think Oliver felt when he saw the other boys stealing from Mr Brownlow?
☐
- 3 How do you think Oliver felt when he went to live with Mr Brownlow?
☐

Grammar

Present Perfect المضارع التام

Form التكوين

have / has + pp

	Positive اثبات	Negative نفى	Question اسفهام
I / you / we / they	I have eaten lunch.	I have not eaten lunch.	Have you eaten lunch?
he / she / it/ Ali	He has eaten lunch.	He has not eaten lunch.	Has he eaten lunch??

يعبر المضارع التام عن حدث حصل قبل الآن و لازال أثره مستمر حتى اللحظة:

■ **I have lost my wallet** لقد فقدت محفظتي.

(هذا حصل في الماضى و لكن لا يهتم متى تحديداً و مازال أثره قائماً حتى الآن فالمحفظة مازالت مفقودة)

■ **just** حالا /توا / منذ قليل

■ **I have just eaten dinner** .

■ **Marwa** the dishes . (just / wash)



■ **already** بالفعل

■ I have already done my homework .

■ They the flat . (already /tidy)

■ **yet** حتى الآن (سؤال /نفي)

■ Have you finished yet?

■ I haven't finished yet.

■ **recently / lately** مؤخرًا

نستخدم lately - recently لنقصد أن شيئًا ما قد حدث منذ وقت قريب لكن لم يحدد الزمن.

■ I haven't seen her lately.

■ Irecently . (watch a film / visit the zoo)

■ **ever** من قبل تستخدم في السؤال عن خبره الشخص

■ Have you ever won a school prize? تستخدم في السؤال عن خبره الشخص

■ Face off is the most exciting film I have ever seen . (بعد صفات التفضيل)

■ **never** أبدا

■ I have never eaten Chinese food .

■ **has, have been to + مكان**

ذهب إلى مكان وعاد منه

■ He has been to London (now he is in Egypt)

■ **has, have gone to + مكان**

ذهب إلى مكان وما زال هناك

■ He has gone to Kuwait (he is still there)

■ تستخدم (How long) في السؤال عن طول المدة .

■ How long has your father worked at the factory ?

إذا جاء مع since فعل واحد نضعه في زمن المضارع التام

■ actions that started in the past and continue . أحداث (بدأت في الماضي) وتستمر حتى الآن

■ I've lived in Qena for years.

■ Hoda has learned English since 2000 .

إذا جاء مع since فعلان نضع قبلها زمن المضارع التام وبعدها زمن الماضي البسيط.

(ماضى بسيط) + since + (مضارع تام)

■ I haven't seen Abeer since she moved to Cairo .

(ماضى بسيط) + since + (It's + time)

■ It's three days since I last met Abeer .

Since + نقطة زمنية/ بداية الحدث	For + مدة الحدث/ فترة زمنية	Since / for
since 5 o'clock	for 2 hours	1) I've lived in Australia _____ 1998.
since 1998	for 12 years	2) She's been there _____ two years.
since last night	for a night -	3) I haven't eaten anything _____ breakfast
Since April / spring	for the last night	4) I have been waiting _____ three o'clock.
Since + ماضى بسيط	for a long time	5) I have played football _____ two hours
Since I was born	for ages لفترة طويلة	

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1 Ia book when the teacher came into the room.

a) read b) am reading c) was reading d) reads

2 Gamal.....in Luxor since 2015.

a) was living b) lived c) lives d) has lived

3 Mahmoud isn't here. He _____ to the club .

a) has been b) has gone c) had been d) goes

4 We _____ across the Pacific three times.

a) have sailed b) have sail c) has sailed d) has sail

5 Someone _____ my bike! .

a) have stole b) have stolen c) has stole d) has stolen

6 _____ Mahmoud been to Kuwait ?

a) Do b) Did c) Have d) Has

7 Have you _____ eaten Chinese food ?

a) never b) ever c) yet d) since

8 Mother hasn't cooked dinner _____ .

- a) just b) already c) yet d) ago

9 How long.....in Baliana ? - Since 2004 .

- a) do you live b) did you live c) will you live d) Have you live

Present Perfect المضارع التام	& Past Simple الماضي البسيط
مقارنة بين	
Key words , just , already , since , for ...etc	Key words , yesterday , last , ago
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> actions which have not happened yet: <p>I've never read Oliver Twist.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> questions and answers about people's experiences: <p>Have you enjoyed today's lesson? Yes, I've had a great time.</p>	<p>Use the past simple for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> actions that started and finished in the past: <p>I read Oliver Twist yesterday . He lived in London. Last week . I read Oliver Twist two years ago.</p>

Work in pairs. Discuss these questions . مناقشة هذه الأسئلة . العمل في ثنائيات .

Student A	Student B
● Have you ever read <i>Oliver Twist</i> ?	■ I've never read Oliver Twist.
● When did you learn to read?	■
● How many books did you read last year?	■
● Have you ever read any books by English writers?	■

Listening الاستماع

3 You're going to listen to a talk about the effect of Charles Dickens' books on his readers.

3 أنت سوف تسمع إلى حديث عن تأثير كتب تشارلز ديكنز على قرائه.

What do you think people often want to do after reading *Oliver Twist*? Tick (✓).

ماذا تعتقد أن الناس غالباً ما تريد أن تفعل بعد قراءة أوليفر تويست؟ ضع علامة (✓).

- a) Help people who are alone and need help.
b) Try to find rich people who can help them.
c) Steal things from people to make money.



Charles Dickens (Who was born on 7 February 1812 and died on 9 June 1870) was an English

writer and social critic . ناقد اجتماعي . He is regarded by many as the greatest novelist of the Victorian age . العصر الفيكتوري . After Shakespeare شكسبير he is the most famous writer in the English language . He is best known for his novels مشهور برواياته about life in England in the 19th century . عن الحياة في إنجلترا في القرن التاسع عشر .

Dickens was born in Portsmouth بورتسموث , when he was still a young boy, his father went to prison because he had got into debt . ذهب والده إلى السجن بسبب الديون . Charles went to London to earn money for the family . At the age of twelve في سن الثانية عشر he was working for ten hours a day in a London factory مصنع . He saw how hard life was for poor, and many of the ideas for the stories of his novels and the characters in them came from this time . After he left the factory, Dickens went to work as an office clerk, but he did not enjoy this . لكنه لم يتمتع بهذا .

He edited a weekly journal أسبوعية مجلة for 20 years, wrote 15 novels, hundreds of short stories

Charles Dickens want people to change the world after they read his books.

تشارلز ديكنز يريد من الناس أن يغيروا العالم بعد أن قرأوا كتبه؟

Famous Novels By Dickens روايات مشهورة كتبها ديكنز

Oliver Twist (1838)	أوليفر تويست	A Tale of Two Cities (1859)	حكاية مدينتين
David Copperfield (1850)	ديفيد كوبرفيلد	Great Expectations (1860)	الأمال الكبرى
Hard Times (1854)	أوقات عصيبة	Our Mutual Friend (1865)	صديقنا المشترك

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- In England , poor children used to live and work in a _____.
a) workhouse b) hotel c) palace d) hospital
- A _____ stole my wallet yesterday .
a) clerck b) thief c) chef d) burglar
- People who borrow a lot of money get into _____.
a) debit b) pain c) debt d) profit
- Fagin is a _____ in one of Dickens's stories
a) criminal b) lawyer c) poet d) gentleman
- What about _____ ice cream ?
a) eat b) To eat c) eating d) ate
- Let's _____ football.
a) playing b) play c) played d) plays
- Rhame was watching the film, but she suddenly _____ that he'd seen it before.
a) released b) realized ادركت c) criticised d) apologized
- If you don't want to go to _____, don't do anything wrong
a) prison b) paradise c) factory d) cinema
- Naguib Mahfouz wrote _____ about life in Egypt in the 20th century
a) plays b) novels c) poems d) comics
- The school _____ pupils for good behavior
a) punishes b) rewards c) sends away d) hates

1 Read the text message that Heba has sent to her friend, Amal. What does

Heba want to do? اقرأ الرسالة النصية التي أرسلتها هبة إلى صديقتها أمل. ماذا تريد هبة أن تفعل؟

Hi Amal!

Can you help me
هل يمكنك مساعدتي
I really
want to do something to
help other people in my
free time, but I don't know
what I can do. Do you have any
suggestions for voluntary work I could
do?



هل لديك أي اقتراحات للعمل التطوعي الذي يمكنني القيام به؟
Heba



Hi Heba!

Good to hear from you!

من الجيد أن أسمع منك

Why don't you try visiting old
people in their homes?

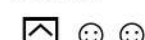


لماذا لا تحاولي زيارة كبار السن في منازلهم؟

You could also help children with their
homework at school. Just ask your
teacher. And how about looking after the
baby animals at Youssef's farm?

ماذا عن رعاية الحيوانات الصغيرة في مزرعة يوسف؟

Amal



Suggestion الاقتراح

Let's هيا بنا

Why don't we ...? لماذا لا نـ

What about / How about +v+ing ...?

Responding الرد

Good idea . فكرة جيدة .

I'm not very keen . لست متحمسا .

Sorry , I'm busy . آسف أنا مشغول .

How about going to the the club ?

Prepositions and expressions

half brother	أخ غير شقيق	brainstorm	يفكر بإبداع
get into debt	يقع في الدين	brain drain	هجرة العلماء
children's labour	عمالة الأطفال	criminal act	عمل إجرامي
sent to prison	يرسل للسجن	adopt a project	يتبنى مشروع
commit a crime	يرتكب جريمة	go wrong	يتعطل
break into	يقتحم	do wrong	يعمل خطأ
break in	اقتحام	fall asleep	ينام
hear from	يتلقى أخبار من	fall ill	يمرض
hear of / about	يسمع عن	cruel to	قاسي علي
think of / about	يفكر في	orphanage	ملجأ أيتام
violent robbery	سطو عنيف	voluntary work	عمل تطوعي
The moral of the story	مغزى القصة	make money	يغتني

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

A lion is usually called 'the King of the Beasts'. It belongs the cat family Today lions live mainly in Africa south of the **Sahara Desert**, although originally, they were found in Asia and Europe also. They like open savannas , grasslands and thick bushes . Because of its strength, majesty and fierceness, the lion is called the King of the Beasts..

The lion is the only cat which lives in a group. This group is called **a pride**. The pride divides into several smaller groups during the day to hunt or feed. Several generations of lionesses live in the pride along with a few lions and the cubs. The average number of lions in a pride is fifteen.

Lions usually hunt and eat medium -to large- size animals with hooves, like zebras and antelopes . They steal meat from hyenas and wild dogs. In the open savanna areas, the lionesses do most of the hunting. Males of a pride in less open areas do their own hunting. Single lions do their own hunting too.

1-Which of the following is the name for a group of lions which live together?

- a) Herd b) Pride c) Tribe d) School

2) Which of the following is not a common prey for a lion?

- a) Elephant b) Antelope c) Zebra d) Buffalo

3) Which of the following do most of the hunting ?

- a) The lion b) The lioness c) The cups d) a and b

4)The average number of lions in a pride is fifteen

- a) 5 b) 50 c) 15 d) 55

4-Why is the lion called the King of the Beasts ?

5-What has man done to ensure that the lion will survive ?

6-Where are lions found ?

7-What is your favourite animal ? Why ?

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