Part 2 Final Revision

(1) Vocabulary Revision

Unit 1

Key Vocabulary المفردات الرئيسية

address	عنوان	feelings	مشاعر
advert	إعلان	gardener	بستانى/جناينى
arrange (d)	يرتب	guard	حارس
aquarium	معرض الأحياء المائية	historical	تاريخى
attractive	جذاب	invitation	دعوة
botanical gardens	حدائق نباتية	jewellery	مجوهرات
brochure	منشور	monuments	آثار
century	قرن (١٠٠ عام)	nature reserve	محمية طبيعية
chat	دردشة	nearby	مجاور/قريب
comfortable	مريح	online review	نقد عبر الإنترنت
El-Orman Garden	حديقة الأورمان	opinions	آراء
engineering works	أعمال هندسية	partner	شريك/رفيق
environment	البيئة	peaceful	هادئ/آمن
exhibition	معرض	pottery	الفخار
especially	خاصة	pollution	تلوث
electric	كهربائى (يدار بالكهرباء)	public transport	مواصلات عامة
energy	طاقة	railway	سكة حديد
platform	رصيف محطة	rails	قضبان حديدية
passenger	مسافر/راكب	reason	سبب
protect (ed)	يحمى	ruins	بقايا/حطام

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share (d)	يشارك	the Natural Science Museum	متحف العلوم الطبيعية
shopping centre	مركز تسوق	lake	بحيرة
sports centre	مركز رياضى	unusual	غير عادى
suggestion	اقتراح	university	جامعة
swimming pool	حمام السباحة	valley	وادى
train station	محطة قطار	vehicle	مَركَبة (وسيلة نقل)
traffic	حركة المرور	wild	برى
timetable	جدول مواعيد		

Language Expressions and Prepositions التعبيرات اللغوية وحروف الجر

spend time with	يقضى وقتا مع	agree/disagree with	يتفق/لا يتفق مع
go straight on	اذهب مباشرة	around town	حول المدينة
look forward to	يتطلع إلى	compare with	يقارن بـ
make a decision	يأخذ/يصنع قرارًا	different from	مختلف عن
make sure	يتأكد	find out	يكتشف
do a job	يؤدى وظيفة/مهمة	forms of	أنواع/أشكال لـ
follow directions	يتبع الاتجاهات	interested in	مهتم بـ
get married	يتزوج	late for	متأخر على
give directions	يعطى الاتجاهات	learn about	يتعلم عن
go shopping	يذهب للتسوق	on the right/left	على اليمين/اليسار
turn right/left	اتجه يمينًا/يسارًا	leave from	يغادر من
walk/go past	اذهب/امشِ مارًا بـ	special about	مميز عن
look out of	ينظر من	think of/about	يفكر/يعتقد فى
across the desert	عبر الصحراء		

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A) Vocabulary Notes

Word الكلمة		Synonym مرادفها		Antonym عكسها	
famous	مشهور	known	معروف	unknown	غير معروف
modern	حديث/عصرى	new	جديد	ancient	قديم/أثرى
exciting	مثير	interesting	شيق	boring	ممل
attractive	جذاب	beautiful	جميل	ugly	قبيح
peaceful	هادئ	quiet	هادئ	noisy	صاخب
usual	معتاد	normal	طبيعى	unusual	غير معتاد
comfortable	مريح	relaxing	مريح	uncomfortable	غير مريح
indoors	بالداخل	inside	بالداخل	outdoors/outside	بالخارج
outdoors	بالخارج	outside	بالخارج	indoors/inside	بالداخل
helpful	مفيد	useful	مفيد/نافع	useless	عديم الفائدة

B) Suffix اللاحقة

تُعرف اللواحق «suffix» فى الإنجليزية، بأنها حرف أو مجموعة من الأحرف التى تأتى فى نهاية الكلمة، وتستخدم لاشتقاق كلمات جديدة من الكلمة الأصلية التى تم إضافة اللواحق إليها. وقد تستخدم هذه الحروف مع أفعال أو صفات أو أسماء أو ظروف.

Word		Suffix	The new word		It's added to..
use	يستخدم	-ful	useful	مفيد/نافع	تحويل الاسم لصفة
peace	السلام		peaceful	هادئ	
help	يساعد		helpful	متعاون	
care	رعاية		careful	حريص	
history	التاريخ	-cal	historical	تاريخى	

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C Prefix البادئة

هى عبارة عن مقطع يضاف إلى بداية الكلمة سواء كانت أسمًا، صفة، فعلًا، أو ظرفًا، يغير فى معنى الكلمة.

Prefix	Word		The new word		It's added to ..
un	usual	معتاد	unusual	غير معتاد	تكوين عكس الكلمة
	attractive	جذاب	unattractive	غير جذاب	
	comfortable	مريح	uncomfortable	غير مريح	
dis	agree	يوافق	disagree	لا يوافق	
re	read	يقرأ	reread	يعيد قراءة	يقوم بالفعل مرة أخرى
	build	يبنى	rebuild	يعيد بناء	
	cycle	دورة	recycle	يعيد تدوير	

D Definitions التعريفات

especially (adv)	خاصةً	more than usual
lake (n)	بحيرة	a large area of water with land around it
monument (n)	أثر	something that people build to remember an important person or event
peaceful (adj)	هادئ	calm and quiet
traffic (n)	حركة المرور	cars, lorries and motorbikes that use a road
exhibition (n)	معرض	a place where you go to see paintings, photographs, objects, etc.
map (n)	خريطة	something you can use to follow directions
metro (n)	مترو	a vehicle you can use to travel in a city. Sometimes it travels underground
platform (n)	رصيف محطة	a place where you can catch a train
timetable (n)	جدول مواعيد	something you can use to find when a train or bus arrives or leaves

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Unit 2

Key Vocabulary المفردات الرئيسية

advertise (d)	يعلن	fridge	ثلاجة
artist	فنان	guess (ed)	يخمن
boil (ed)	يغلى	handicraft	حرفة يدوية
carpet	سجادة	headphones	سماعات الرأس
cassette player	مشغل كاسيت	horrible	فظيع
charge (d)	يشحن	industry	صناعة
city centre shop	متجر وسط المدينة	instructions	تعليمات
coffee machine	آلة صنع القهوة	kettle	غلاية
colourful	ملون/زاهى الألوان	leather	جلد
company	شركة	log (ged) in	يسجل الدخول
complaint	شكوى	machine	آلة
customer	زبون	microwave	الميكروويف
deal	صفقة/يتعامل	mixed up	مختلط
decorate (d)	يزين/يزخرف	main	أساسى
delicious	لذيذ	MP3 player	مشغل موسيقى
delivery	توصيل طلبات	necklace	عقد/قلادة
design	تصميم/يصمم	negative	سلبى
discount	تخفيض/خصم	oven	فرن
explain (ed)	يشرح	order form	نموذج الطلب
fill in (ed)	يملأ استمارة	password	كلمة السر/المرور
free	مجانًا	plug (ged) in	يقوم بتوصيل جهاز
fresh	طازج/منعش	positive	إيجابى

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poster	ملصق إعلانى	store	متجر
price	سعر	style	أسلوب
quality	جودة	survey	دراسة/استبيان
review	مقالة نقدية	terrible	سيئ جدًا/رهيب
sale	تخفيض/أوكازيون	toaster	آلة تحميص الخبز
shop assistant	مساعد متجر/بائع	traditional	تقليدى
smart	ذكى	turn (ed) off	يغلق جهازًا
speakers	مكبرات الصوت	exciting (adj)	مثير/مبهج/شيق
special offer	عرض خاص	turn (ed) on	يفتح جهازًا

Language Expressions and Prepositions التعبيرات اللغوية وحروف الجر

answer a complaint	يجيب على شكوى	congratulations on	تهانينا على
charge a battery	يشحن بطارية	decorate with	يزين/يزخرف بـ
order pots	يطلب أوانى	famous for	مشهور بـ
call back	يعاود الاتصال	look for	يبحث عن
earn money	يكسب مالًا	for breakfast	على وجبة الإفطار
follow a rule	يتبع قاعدة	popular with	محبوب لدى
get angry	يغضب	problem with	مشكلة فى
have a discount	لدية تخفيض/خصم	send back	يعيد الإرسال/يرجع
keep calm	يحافظ على الهدوء	wait for	ينتظر
make a complaint	يقدم شكوى	What type of ...?	ما نوع ...؟
make coffee	يُعد قهوة	work for	يعمل لدى
spend money on	ينفق مالًا على	on special offer	فى عرض خاص

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A) Vocabulary Notes

Word الكلمة		Synonym مرادفها		Antonym عكسها	
cheap	رخيص	inexpensive	غير غالٍ	expensive	غالٍ
free	مجانى	for no money	بدون مقابل	paid	مدفوع الثمن
log in	يسجل الدخول	sign in	يسجل الدخول	log out	يسجل الخروج
seller	بائع	assistant	بائع	buyer/ customer	مشترٍ/زبون
positive	إيجابى	certain	متأكد	negative	سلبى
online	متصل بالإنترنت	connected to the internet	متصل بالإنترنت	offline	غير متصل بالإنترنت
horrible	فظيع	terrible	فظيع/كريه	wonderful	رائع

B) Suffix اللاحقة

Word		Suffix	The new word		It's added to..
wood	خشب	-en	wooden	خشبى	تحويل الاسم لصفة
wool	صوف		woolen	صوفى	
colour	لون	- ful	colourful	زاهى الألوان	
tradition	عادة	-al	traditional	تقليدى	
loud	عال	-ly	loudly	بصوت عال	تحويل الصفة لظرف
slow	بطئ		slowly	ببطئ	
careful	حريص		carefully	بحرص	
comfort	راحة	-ble	comfortable	مريح	تحويل الاسم لصفة
access	وصول		accessible	يمكن الوصول إليه	

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C) Prefix البادئة

Prefix	Word	The new word	It's added to ..
in	expensive غالى الثمن	inexpensive غير غالى الثمن	تكوين عكس الكلمة
un	lucky محظوظ	unlucky غير محظوظ	
dis-	play يلعب	display يعرض	تحويل الفعل لفعل آخر
	cover يغطى	discover يكتشف	
im-	prove يثبت	improve يطور	تحويل الفعل لفعل آخر
ex-	change يغير	exchange يتبادل	تحويل الفعل لفعل آخر
en-	courage شجاعة	encourage يشجع	تحويل الاسم لفعل

D) Definitions التعريفات

coffee machine (n)	آلة صنع القهوة	a machine we use to make hot drinks
fridge (n)	ثلاجة	a machine we use to keep food cold and help food stay fresh longer
kettle (n)	غلاية	a machine we use to boil water
microwave (n)	ميكروويف	a machine we use to cook things quickly
oven (n)	فرن	a machine we use to cook and heat food
complaint (n)	شكوى	something you make when you are unhappy about something
call back (v)	يعاود الاتصال	return a phone call
order (n)	طلب	when a customer asks someone to send or make something for them
email	يرسل رسالة بريد إلكترونى	to send a message electronically

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Unit 3

Key Vocabulary المفردات الرئيسية

accessible	يمكن الوصول إليه	equal	مساوٍ
activities	أنشطة	exchange (d)	يتبادل
adult	بالغ	experience	خبرة
affect (ed)	يوثر على	facilities	تسهيلات/خدمات/مرافق
architect	مهندس معمارى	festival	مهرجان
attract (ed)	يجذب	furniture	أثاث
attraction	جذب	graffiti	الرسم على الجدران
calligraphy	فن الخط	health care	رعاية صحية
castle	قلعة	hero/heroes	بطل/أبطال
communicate (d)	يتواصل	improve (d)	يحسن
community	مجتمع	initiative	مبادرة
competition	منافسة/مسابقة	interview (ed)	يجرى مقابلة مع
contact (ed)	يتصل بـ	leaflets	منشورات
contrasting	متناقض	leisure	وقت فراغ/ترفيه
darkness	الظلام	local	محلى
decent	كريم/لائق	lodger	مستأجر (لغرفة بمنزل)
deliver (ed)	يسلم/يوصل	manager	مدير
disabled	معاق	meetings	اجتماعات
disappointed	محبَط	neighbourhood	حى
display (ed)	يعرض	noticeboard	لوحة إعلانات
donate (d)	يتبرع	opportunity	فرصة
education	التعليم	pavement	رصيف (شارع)
encourage (d)	يشجع	pleasant	سار/جذاب/ممتع

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pleasure	سعادة/بهجة	stranger	غريب
public services	خدمات عامة	streetlights	أضواء الشوارع
repairs	إصلاحات	suitable	مناسب
respect (ed)	يحترم	summary	ملخص
result	نتيجة	tenant	مستأجر (المنزل)
rural areas	المناطق الريفية	transport	المواصلات/النقل
social media	وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي	treat (ed)	يعامل
social network service	خدمة الشبكة الاجتماعية	volunteer (ed)	متطوع/يتطوع

Language Expressions and Prepositions التعبيرات اللغوية وحروف الجر

do a survey	يقوم بدراسة/استطلاع	ask for help	يطلب المساعدة
do well	يؤدي جيدًا	communicate with	يتواصل مع
give reasons for	يعطي مبررات لـ	donate for	يتبرع من أجل
go windsurfing	يذهب لركوب الأمواج	encourage to	يشجع أن
have a problem	لديه مشكلة	facilities for	تسهيلات/خدمات لـ
have a visitor	لديه زائر	help with	يساعد في
improve facilities	يحسن المرافق	introduce to	يقدم لـ
feel unwell	يشعر بمرض/بتوعك	look after	يعتني بـ
make a difference to	يحدث اختلافًا لـ	move to	ينتقل إلى
plant flowers	يزرع زهورًا	pay for	يدفع لـ
share ideas	يشارك الأفكار	problem with	مشكلة في
start a project	يبدأ مشروعًا	travel around	يسافر حول/يتجول
work on a project	يعمل في مشروع	for sale	للبيع

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A) Vocabulary Notes

Word الكلمة		Synonym مرادفها		Antonym عكسها	
disappointed	محبط	upset	منزعج	hopeful	ملئ بالأمل
strange	غريب	unusual	غير عادى	normal/usual	طبيعى/عادى
wide	عريض/واسع	large	كبير	narrow	ضيق
deliver	يوصل	carry	يحمل	receive	يستلم
remember	يتذكر	keep in mind	يظل فى الذاكرة	forget	ينسى
kind	عطوف	friendly	ودود	unkind	غير عطوف
fail	يرسب	disappoint	يحبط	pass/succeed	ينجح/يجتاز
happiness	السعادة	joy/pleasure	البهجة	sadness	الحزن
suitable	مناسب	proper	ملائم	unsuitable	غير مناسب
elderly	كبير السن	old	كبير السن	young	صغير السن

B) Suffix اللاحقة

Word		Suffix	The new word		It's added to..
achieve	ينجز	-ment	achievement	إنجاز	تحويل الفعل لاسم
pave	يرصف		pavement	رصيف	
health	الصحة	-y	healthy	صحى	تحويل الاسم لصفة
deliver	يوصل		delivery	توصيل	تحويل الفعل لصفة
dark	مظلم	-ness	darkness	الظلام	تحويل الصفة لاسم
ill	مريض		illness	المرض	
kind	عطوف/طيب		kindness	العطف	
quiet	هادئ		quietness	الهدوء	
sweet	حلو المذاق		sweetness	حلاوة المذاق	
weak	ضعيف		weakness	الضعف	
happy	سعيد		happiness	السعادة	

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C Prefix البادئة

Prefix	Word	The new word	It's added to ..
un	safe أمن	unsafe غير أمن	تكوين عكس الكلمة
	healthy صحي	unhealthy غير صحي	
	friendly ودود	unfriendly غير ودود	
	suitable مناسب	unsuitable غير مناسب	

D Definitions التعريفات

deliver (v) يسلم/يوصل	take a letter or object to a place or building
encourage (v) يشجع	try to make people do something
health care (n) الرعاية الصحية	looking after people's health
make a difference يُحدث اختلافًا	having a good effect on a person, place or situation
neighbourhood (n) حي/جيرة	a small area of a town or village and the people who live in it
public services (n) خدمات عامة	services, such as electricity or water, to help the members of a community
greet (v) يحيي	to say hello
lodger (n) نزيل/مستأجر (لغرفة بمنزل)	someone who pays to live in another person's house/someone who pays for a room in a house.
tenant (n) مستأجر (المنزل)	someone who pays to live in a house
pay (v) يدفع	to give money for work someone has done
Firstly, أولاً / To start with, لنبدأ بـ	introduce the reasons for the project
Furthermore, علاوة على ذلك / In addition, بالإضافة إلى ذلك	add extra information
However, ومع ذلك / , but ولكن	give contrasting information
To conclude, في الختام / To summarise, وخلاصة القول	write a conclusion

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Unit 4

Key Vocabulary المفردات الرئيسية

achieve (d)	يحقق/ينجز
adventure	مغامرة
alone	بمفرده
aquarium	معرض الأحياء المائية
awake	مستيقظ
biography	سيرة ذاتية
brain	مخ
canoe	زورق
chart	جدول/رسم بيانى
coach	مدرب
concert	حفلة موسيقية
countryside	الريف
deaf	أصم
discover (ed)	يكتشف
disability	صعوبة/عجز
dyslexia	صعوبة/عسر القراءة
environment	البيئة
experience	تجربة حياتية/خبرة عمل
explain (ed)	يشرح
elderly people	كبار السن
express (ed)	يعبر عن
foggy	ضبابى
follow (ed)	يتبع
forest	غابة
fun novel	رواية ممتعة
graph	رسم بيانى
green tea	شاى أخضر
gymnastics	الجمباز
hearing problems	مشاكل فى السمع
huge	ضخم
local	محلى
lost	مفقود/ تائه
move	ينتقل
musical instrument	آلة موسيقية
normally	بشكل طبيعى
opportunity	فرصة
organise (d)	ينظم
orphanage	دار أيتام
preparatory	إعدادى
raft	طوافة
result	نتيجة
scared	خائف
sensitive	حساس
sequel	تكملة/نتيجة/عاقبة
sign language	لغة الإشارة
snorkel (led)	يغطس بأنبوب للتنفس
special	خاص/مميز
surprised	مندهش

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tent	خيمة	volunteer (ed)	يتطوع
theme park	متنزه/مدينة ترفيهية	wedding party	حفل زفاف
train (ed)	يتدرب	windsurf (ed)	يركب الموج

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been to a football match	ذهب إلى مباراة كرة القدم	care about	يهتم/يعتنى بـ
eat Chinese food	يأكل طعامًا صينيًا	decide to	يقرر أن
get results	يحصل على نتائج	difficult for	صعب لـ
join a sports club	ينضم إلى نادٍ	do/take an exam	يؤدى اختبارًا
learn language	يتعلم لغة	interested in	مهتم بـ
leave school	يترك/يغادر الدراسة	on a raft	على طوافة
look angry	يبدو غاضبًا	on business	فى عمل
make notes	يدون ملاحظات	on holiday	فى إجازة
do gymnastics	يمارس الجمباز	on time	فى الوقت المحدد
get married to	يتزوج من	sleep in a tent	ينام فى خيمة
play an instrument	يعزف على آله موسيقية	snorkel in the sea	يغطس بأنبوب فى البحر
move to another country	ينتقل إلى بلد آخر	swim in a lake	يسبح فى بحيرة
play the piano	يعزف البيانو	worry about	يقلق على
visit an orphanage	يزور دار أيتام	pieces of	قطع من
win a competition	يفوز بالمسابقة/المنافسة	float on water	يطفو على الماء
at the end	فى النهاية	get a prize for	يحصل على جائزة فى

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A) Vocabulary Notes

Word الكلمة		Synonym مرادفها		Antonym عكسها	
long	طويل	tall	طويل	short	قصير
snorkel	يغطس	dive	يغوص	float	يطفو
the countryside	الريف	rural area	منطقة ريفية	the city	المدينة
local	محلى	national	قومى	international	عالمى
dangerous	خطير	unsafe	غير آمن	safe	آمن
clever	ماهر	smart	ذكى	stupid	غبى
huge	ضخم	enormous	ضخم	small	صغير
difficult	صعب	hard	صعب	easy	سهل
nearby	قريب	close	قريب	far	بعيد
leave	يغادر	go	يذهب	come/arrive	يأتى/يصل
colourful	زاهى الألوان	bright	ساطع	dark	غامق
ill	مريض	unwell	ليس على ما يرام	well	بصحة جيدة

B) Suffix اللاحقة

Word		Suffix	The new word		It's added to..
final	نهائى	-ly	finally	فى النهاية	تحويل الصفة لظرف
normal	طبيعى		normally	بشكل طبيعى	
fog	ضباب	-y	foggy	ضبابى	تحويل الاسم لصفة
noise	ضوضاء		noisy	صاخب	
appear	يظهر	-ance	appearance	مظهر	تحويل الفعل لصفة
attract	يجذب	-ive	attractive	جذاب	تحويل الفعل لصفة
create	يبدع		creative	مبدع	

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C Prefix البادئة

Prefix	Word	The new word	It's added to ..
dis	ability قدرة	disability عجز	تكوين عكس الكلمة

D Definitions التعريفات

awake (adj)	مستيقظ	not sleeping
canoe (n)	زورق	a long, narrow boat for one or two people
care about (v)	يعتني/يهتم بـ	feel strongly about someone or something
dream (n)	حلم	pictures and sounds that you think are happening when you are sleeping
follow (v)	يتبع	walk or drive behind someone
raft (n)	طوافة	pieces of wood that are put together so they can float on water
Dyslexia (n)	عسر/صعوبة القراءة	is a learning disability which affects reading and writing. Many smart people have dyslexia. They can understand and see well, but they have problems with reading.
an experience (n)	تجربة حياتية	something that happens in your life
discover (v)	يكتشف	to find out some new information about something
join (v)	ينضم إلى	to become part of a club
result (n)	نتيجة	this tells you how you have done in an exam
snorkel (v)	يغوص/يغطس	swim with your face under water using special equipment.

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Unit 5

Key Vocabulary المفردات الرئيسية

achievement	إنجاز
aged	بالغ من العمر
application	تطبيق
artist	فنان
astronaut	رائد فضاء
athlete	لاعب رياضي
award	جائزة
biography	سيرة شخصية
bubble	فقاعة
business person	رجل/سيدة أعمال
campaigner	ناشط
challenge	تحد
championship	بطولة
company (y-ies)	شركة (شركات)
competition	مسابقة/منافسة
computer programmer	مبرمج كمبيوتر
connect (ed)	يربط/يوصل
contest	منافسة
coronavirus	فيروس كورونا
creative	مبدع/مبتكر
culture	ثقافة
education	التعليم
engineering student	طالب هندسة
finals	نهائيات
health centre	مركز صحي
health emergency	طوارئ صحية
hold	يحتوي/يستوعب
hyperloop	هايبرلوب (نظام نقل)
international	دولي/عالمي
incredible	لا يُصدق
mathematician	متخصص بالرياضيات
medical team	الفريق الطبي
musician	موسيقي/موسيقار
natural	طبيعي
nervous	عصبي/متوتر
organisers	المنظمون
pandemic	جائحة/وباء
perform (ed)	يؤدي
poem	قصيدة
quarter-finals	الدور ربع النهائي
recycle (d)	يعيد تدوير
role model	قدوة
scholarship	منحة دراسية
skill	مهارة
space engineer	مهندس فضاء
space engineering	هندسة الفضاء

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space scientist	عالم الفضاء	success	نجاح
space technology	تكنولوجيا الفضاء	teenager	مراهق
spectators	متفرجون	transport	نقل/مواصلات
speech	خطاب/حديث/كلام	tournament	بطولة (دورة)
sports champion	بطل رياضى	volunteer	متطوع
succeed (ed)	ينجح	youth	الشباب

Language Expressions and Prepositions التعبيرات اللغوية وحروف الجر

achieve a goal	يحقق هدفًا	ask for advice	يطلب النصيحة
become blind	يصبح أعمى	a prize for	جائزة فى/من أجل
create an app	ينشئ تطبيقًا	get into	يدخل
find a scholarship	يجد منحة دراسية	in a job	فى وظيفة
finish school/ university	ينهى الدراسة/الجامعة	respond to	يرد على
give a speech (to)	يلقى حديثًا/خطابًا	return to	يعود إلى
grow plants	يزرع نباتات	start of	بداية لـ
start a company	يبدأ فى تأسيس شركة	surprised by	مندهش بواسطة/بـ
pass an exam	ينجح فى الامتحان	work out	يحل
play concerts	يعزف فى حفلات موسيقية	work with	يعمل مع
receive/win an award for	يتلقى/يفوز بجائزة لـ	believe in	يؤمن بـ
score a goal	يسجل هدفًا	equipment for	معدات لـ
solve a problem	يحل مشكلة	thank for	يشكر على
take a boat/a bus	يأخذ قاربًا/أتوبيسًا	a competition for	مسابقة لـ
take part (in)	يشارك (فى)	scholarship for/to	منحة دراسية لدى

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A) Vocabulary Notes

Word الكلمة		Synonym مرادفها		Antonym عكسها	
pass	يجتاز	succeed in	ينجح فى	fail	يرسب
champions	أبطال	winners	الفائزون	losers	الخاسرون
contest	منافسة	competition	منافسة	----------	
competitors	المنافسون	players	اللاعبون	----------	
staff	العاملون	workers	عمال	----------	
incredible	لا يصدق	fantastic	رائع	horrible	كريه/فظيع
tournament	بطولة (دورة مباريات)	contest sports event	منافسة حدث رياضى	----------	
clean	ينظف	wash	يغسل	make dirty	يتسخ
incredible	لا يُصدق	really good	حقًا جيد	terrible	سيئ جدًا
nobody	لا أحد	no one	لا أحد	everyone	كل فرد
repair	يصلح	fix	يصلح	damage/break	يتلف/يكسر

B) Suffix اللاحقة

Word		Suffix	The new word		It's added to..
music	موسيقى	-ian	musician	موسيقار	تكوين اسم الفاعل من الاسم
mathematics	الرياضيات		mathematician	متخصص بالرياضيات	
teach	يعلم	-er	teacher	معلم	تكوين اسم الفاعل من الفعل
programme	يبرمج		programmer	مبرمج	
win	يفوز		winner	فائز	
lose	يخسر		loser	خاسر	
art	الفن	-ist	artist	فنان	تكوين اسم الفاعل من الاسم
science	علوم		scientist	عالم	

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C) Prefix البادئة

Prefix	Word	The new word	It's added to ..
im	possible	impossible	تكوين عكس الكلمة

D) Definitions التعريفات

artist (n)	فنان	He/She is good at art.
business person (n)	رجل/سيدة أعمال	He/She travels to meetings around the world.
campaigner (n)	ناشط	In his/her job, they try to change the way people do things.
computer programmer (n)	مبرمج كمبيوتر	He/She works with hundreds of computers.
engineer (n)	مهندس	He/She designs bridges.
mathematician (n)	متخصص بالرياضيات	He/She uses a lot of very big numbers to work things out in the job. He/She works with maths.
musician (n)	موسيقى/موسيقار	He/She is good at music.
scientist (n)	عالم	He/She works with science.
volunteer (n)	متطوع	He/She doesn't get paid for his/her work, but he/she likes to help people.
app (n)	تطبيق	software you can use on your computer or phone
competition (n)	مسابقة/منافسة	an event in which people try to be the best at something
create (v)	ينشئ/يبتكر	to make something new
creative (adj)	مبدع/مبتكر	good at thinking of new ideas or ways to do something
A biography (n)	سيرة ذاتية	is the story of a person's life, and is written by someone else
STEM (n)	مدرسة خاصة بالتكنولوجيا والهندسة والرياضيات	Technology, Engineering and Maths School

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Unit 6

Key Vocabulary المفردات الرئيسية

achievements	إنجازات	example	مثال
appearance	مظهر خارجى	experience	تجربة فى الحياة
avoid (ed)	يتجنب	explain (ed)	يشرح
behaviour	سلوك	fail (ed)	يفشل/يرسب
abilities	قدرات	get bullied	يتعرض للتنمر
brainstorm	العصف الذهنى	glad	سعيد
breathe (d)	يتنفس	happiness	السعادة
breathing	عملية التنفس	improve (d)	يحسن
certain	معين/محدد/متأكد	include (d)	يتضمن/يشمل
clear (to)	واضح لـ	interrupt (ed)	يقاطع
comment (ed)	تعليق/يعلق	joke (d)	يمزح/نكتة
common	شائع/منتشر	life jacket	سترة النجاة
cope (d) with	يواكب/يتعامل مع	locked	مقفل
cyberbully (y ied)	يتنمر عبر الإنترنت	lonely	وحيد/منعزل
cyberbullying	التنمر الإلكترونى	luckily	لحسن الحظ
deeply	بعمق	member	فرد/عضو
definition	تعريف	mental health	الصحة النفسية/العقلية
depressed	محبط	mention (ed)	يذكر/يشير
digital	رقمى	message	رسالة
disappoint (ed)	يُحبط/يُخيب أمل	mind	عقل
display (ed)	يعرض	mindfulness	تركيز كامل للذهن
encourage (d)	يشجع	popular	محبوب/شائع/شعبى
essential	أساسى	realise (d)	يدرك

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report (ed)	يبلغ عن/تقرير	social media	وسائل التواصل الاجتماعى
review	مقالة نقدية/نقد	spread (ed)	ينتشر/ينشر
scared	خائف	suggest (ed)	يقترح
secret	سر/سرى	support (ed)	يساند/يدعم
serious	خطير/جاد	teen	فى سن المراهقة
simple	بسيط	terrible	سيئ جدًا/فظيع
skills	مهارات	diary	مذكرات/يوميات
social life	الحياة الاجتماعية	upset	منزعج

Language Expressions and Prepositions التعبيرات اللغوية وحروف الجر

do a test	يؤدى اختبارًا	agree on	يتفق على
do badly	يؤدى بشكل سيئ	anxious about	قلق بشأن
feel better	يشعر بتحسن	cope with	يواكب/يتعامل مع
get bullied	يتعرض للتنمر	depressed about	محبط من
get ready for	يستعد لـ	go back to	يعود إلى
have a haircut	يقص شعره	go out	يخرج
keep secrets	يحتفظ بالأسرار	kind to	عطوف مع
make a mistake	يرتكب خطأ	on a helicopter	فى هليكوبتر
make a poster	يعد ملصقًا إعلانيًا	positive for	إيجابى لـ
say unkind things	يقول أشياء غير لطيفة	calm down	يهدئ
seem different	يبدو مختلفًا	share with	يشارك مع
stay up late	يسهر حتى وقت متأخر	sorry about	آسف عن
study medicine	يدرس الطب	take air in/out	يُدخل/يخرج الهواء
take a selfie	يلتقط صورة شخصية	worry about	يقلق على

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A) Vocabulary Notes

Word الكلمة		Synonym مرادفها		Antonym عكسها	
support	يدعم	help	يساعد	give up/ abandon	يتخلى عن
certain	متأكد	sure	متأكد	uncertain	غير متأكد
anxious	قلق	worried	قلق	calm/quiet	هادئ
embarrassed	محرج	upset	منزعج	confident	واثق
comfortable	مريح	relaxed	مسترخى	uncomfortable	غير مريح
closed	مغلق	locked	مقفل	open	مفتوح
scared	خائف	frightened	خائف	brave	شجاع
teen	مراهق	teenager	مراهق	adult	بالغ
upset	منزعج	troubled	فى مأزق	happy	سعيد
happy	سعيد	glad	سعيد	sad	حزين
popular	شعبى/محبوب	famous	مشهور	unknown	غير معروف
serious	جاد/خطير	important	مهم	unimportant	غير مهم

B) Suffix اللاحقة

Word		Suffix	The new word		It's added to..
understand	يفهم	-ing	understanding	متفاهم	تحويل الفعل إلى صفة/اسم
read	يقرأ	-er	reader	قارئ	تحويل الفعل إلى اسم فاعل
listen	يستمع		listener	مستمع	
congratulate	يهنئ	-ion	congratulation	تهنئة	تحويل الفعل إلى اسم
suggest	يقترح		suggestion	اقتراح	
pollute	يلوث		pollution	تلوث	

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C) Prefix البادئة

Prefix	Word	The new word	It's added to ..
im	possible ممكن	impossible مستحيل	تكوين عكس الكلمة
un	essential أساسى	unessential غير أساسى	
	necessary ضرورى	unnecessary غير ضرورى	

D) Definitions التعريفات

achievement (n) إنجاز	something important that you have done
appearance (n) مظهر	the way that someone or something looks
billion (n) مليار	a thousand million
social life (n) حياة اجتماعية	the time you spend enjoying yourself with other people
support (v) يدعم/يساند	help and encourage someone
a secret (n) سر	something that you don't want other people to know
feel lonely يشعر بالوحدة	having no friends with you
show understanding يظهر التفاهم	showing that you understand a person's situation
mindfulness (n) تركيز كامل للذهن	being able to relax by calmly thinking about your feelings and what is around you at the moment

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Glossary

Word	Meaning	Definition
	(A)	
achieve	يحقق/ينجز	succeed in doing something good or that you want to do
achievement	إنجاز	something important that you have done
anxious	قلق	worried that something bad might happen
appearance	مظهر	the way that someone or something looks
awake	مستيقظ	not sleeping
	(B)	
bench	دكة	a long seat for two people or more
billion	مليار	one thousand million (1,000,000,000)
biography	سيرة ذاتية	a book or text about someone's life
Botanical gardens	حدائق نباتية	a large park or open area where scientists study plants and trees, which people can visit
breathe	يتنفس	take air in and out of the body
bubble	فقاعة	a group of people who can meet during a health emergency
	(C)	
campaigner	ناشط	a person whose job is to try and change the way people do things in society
canoe	زورق	a long, narrow boat for one or two people
care about	يهتم بـ	feel strongly about someone or something
century	قرن	one hundred years
championship	بطولة	a competition to find the best team or player in a sport
charge	يشحن	put electricity into something such as a phone

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clear	واضح	easy to understand
comfortable	مريح	making you feel relaxed
competitor	منافس	a person or team that takes part in a competition
complaint	شكوى	something that you say or write when you are unhappy about something because you think it is wrong or not very good
contest	منافسة	a competition
cope with	يتعامل مع	manage or be able to do something, although it is difficult
corner	ركن/زاوية	the place where two roads meet
coronavirus pandemic	جائحة كورونا	the cause of the health emergency which began in 2019, when many people became ill around the world
create	يبتكر	make something new
creative	مبتكر	good at thinking of new ideas or ways to do something
cyberbully	يتنمر	say unkind or cruel things about someone online
cyberbullying	التنمر	when you say unkind or cruel things about someone online
(D)		
deal	صفقة	a good or cheap price
deliver	يوصل	take something such as a letter to a place
discount	خصم	a price that is less than usual
discover	يكتشف	find or find out something that people did not know before
dream	حلم	pictures and sounds that you think are happening when you are sleeping
dyslexia	عسر الفهم	learning difference that some people are born with which means that they find it difficult to read, write or spell

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(E)		
elderly	كبير السن	old or becoming old
embarrassed	محرج	feeling uncomfortable when people are watching you or after they have seen you do something that you think is wrong or not very good
encourage	يشجع	try to persuade someone to do something
enter	يدخل	decide to take part in something such as a competition
equal opportunity	فرص متساوية	having the same chances in life as other people
especially	خاصة	more than usual
ever	فيما مضى	at any time
exhibition	معرض	a place where people can go to see paintings, photographs, etc
experience	خبرة	something that happens to you
(F)		
facilities	تسهيلات	equipment, rooms, etc. that people can use to do something
ferry	معدية	a form of transport that carries people or cars across water
fill in	يملأ	complete information on a piece of paper or online
follow	يتبع	walk or drive behind someone in the same direction
formal	رسمي	correct or polite for important situations
(G)		
goal	هدف	something that you hope to do in the future
graffiti	الرسم على الجدران	writing or pictures that people paint or draw on walls or buildings, although they should not do this

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grandparents	الأجداد	the parents of your parents
greet	يحيي	say hello to or welcome someone
	(H)	
handicraft	حرفي يدوية	an object made by a person in a traditional way, such as a basket, bowl, etc.
	(I)	
include	يشمل	allow or want someone or something to be part of something
incredible	لا يصدق	really good, fantastic
indoors	بالداخل	inside a building
informal	غير رسمي	correct for unimportant or everyday situations
interrupt	يقاطع	stop someone from speaking or doing something by suddenly speaking
	(J)	
jewellery	مجوهرات	pretty things that people wear, such as rings, necklaces, etc.
join	يلتحق بـ	become part of a group or club
joke	نكتة	say something to make people laugh
	(K)	
kettle	غلاية	something that you use in the kitchen to boil water
kindness	عطف	the quality of being kind, helpful and caring toward other people
	(L)	
lake	بحيرة	a large area of water with land around it
leisure	وقت الفراغ	time when you are not working
log in	يسجل دخول	put in information so that you can use a computer
lonely	وحيدا	unhappy because you are not with other people

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(M)		
make a difference	يصنع الفارق	change things in a good way
mathematician	متخصص بالرياضيات	someone who studies, works with or teaches maths
mental health	الصحة النفسية	the health of your mind; how happy you are
metro	مترو	an underground railway in a city
microwave	مايكروويف	a machine that cooks food very quickly using special waves
mindfulness	صفاء الذهن	being able to relax by calmly thinking about your feelings and what is around you at the moment
monument	أثر	something that people build to remind us of an important person or event
(N)		
negative	سلبي	seeing only bad things
neighbourhood	حي	a small area of a city, or the people who live there
nephew	ابن الأخ	your brother or sister's son
noticeboard	لوحة اعلانات	a board that people put on a wall to put messages on
(O)		
order	يطلب	when a customer asks someone to send, bring or make something for them
organiser	منظم	someone who organizes or plans an event
(P)		
passenger	راكب	someone who is travelling on a plane, train, car, etc. and is not driving it
password	كلمة المرور	a special, secret word that you must write or say before you can use a computer or go into a place
past	مارا بـ	go as far as a place and then continue
pavement	رصيف	the part that you walk on in a city that is next to a road

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peaceful	هادئ	calm and quiet
platform	رصيف محطة	the area in a station where you get on or off a train
plug in	يوصل بالكهرباء	connect equipment to electricity
positive	إيجابي	seeing only good things pottery (n) [U1]: pots, plates, cups, etc. that are made from clay
	(Q)	
quarter-finals	الدور ربع النهائي	the part of a competition when there are only eight teams or people in it
	(R)	
raft	عوامة	pieces of wood that are put together so they can float on water
relax	يسترخي	become more calm and less worried, or make someone feel this
result	نتيجة	the final number that people or teams get at the end of an exam or sports match
role model	قدوة	someone that you want to copy because you respect them
	(S)	
sale	عرض	a time when a shop sells things at a cheaper price than usual
scholarship	منحة دراسية	money that a university or school gives to someone to pay for their education
secret	سر	something that you do not want other people to
sequel	تكملة/نتيجة/عاقبة	book, film, play, etc. that continues the story of an earlier one, usually made or written by the same person
smart	ذكي	using computers or the internet to make something work better
snorkel	يغطس	swim using equipment that allows you to breathe while your face is under the water
social life	الحياة الاجتماعية	the time you spend enjoying yourself with other people
social network service	شبكة الخدمات الاجتماعية	website that allows you to communicate and share information with people in your area

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speaker	مكبر الصوت	equipment that you connect to or is part of a phone, radio, computer, etc. so that you can listen to it
special offer	عرض خاص	something that is a good price or free to encourage people to buy it
spectator	مشاهد	someone who watches a sport or an event
speech	خطبة	a talk that someone gives to a group of people
sports champion	بطل رياضي	a person who wins a sports competition
staff	العاملون	the group of people who work somewhere
straight on	مباشرة	in a forward direction, not left or right
support	يدعم	help and encourage someone
surprised	مندهش	if you are surprised, you do not expect something and it seems strange or unusual
survey	استبيان	a group of questions that you ask people to find out information about something
(T)		
timetable	جدول المواعيد	a list of times or dates that show when something will happen
tournament	بطولة	a competition in which many players or teams take part
traffic	المرور	the cars, lorries, motorbikes, etc. that use a road
tram	الترام	a form of transport that uses rails like a railway to travel along roads, usually in cities
turn left/right	اتجه يسارًا/يمينًا	move, drive or go to the left or the right
turn off	يطفئ	make a machine stop working
turn on	يشغل	make a machine start working
(U, V & W)		
understanding	متفاهم	showing that you understand a person's feelings and situation
upset	منزعج	unhappy because something bad has happened
valley	وادٍ	an area of land between two hills or mountains
wooden	خشبي	made of wood

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Vocabulary Exercises

1 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

Model (1)

will – bench – neighbourhood – noticeboard – going to – bed

Our (1) ....., Mr Adham, is very friendly and we like to help each other. One day, I saw a message on the (2) ..... by the door of my flat. It said that Mr Waleed needed a new (3) ..... because the one he sits on outside his flat is broken. So, I (4) .....to help to buy him a new one.

Model (2)

go – kettle – microwave – coffee machine – discount – went

I don't like shopping online. I like going to the shops. Yesterday, I (1) ..... shopping with my mother. We went to an electronics shop. My mother wanted to buy a (2) ..... to heat food in. I wanted to buy a (3) ..... because I like coffee. The prices were good and we had a 25% (4) ..... . I think I will tell my friends to buy from this shop.

Model (3)

was able – can – connect – hearing – sign – communicate

My names Tarek. My best friend is called Omar. He has (1) ..... problems. We can (2) ..... with each other using (3) ..... language. It was difficult for me to learn it at first, but I (4) ..... to learn it. I joined a class for teaching this kind of language and I'm really happy that we understand each other.

Model (4)

win – friendly – rule – role – donates – won

Mohammed Salah was born in Negrig in 1992. He's a great Egyptian footballer. He's my (1) ..... model. He (2) ..... the Premier League Golden Boot in 2017 and 2019. He's very (3) ..... and he talks to his fans. He (4) ..... money to charities to help build new schools. We are all proud of him.

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Model (5)

article – achievement – award – succeeded – have – has

Basmala (1) ..... achieved a lot this year. She has passed nearly all her exams. She has (2) ..... in improving her spelling and she has kept working hard on her maths. She has written an (3) ..... in the school magazine – a great (4) ..... . Unfortunately, she failed her violin exam. We think that perhaps she should give up playing the violin.

Model (6)

could – dreamed – forms – industry – farms – were

The 20th century saw the development of many (1) ..... of transport. The car changed the way people thought about transport, and so did the plane. People have always (2) ..... of flying. In 1903, two American brothers (3) ..... able to make a short flight in an aircraft. Then a huge (4) ..... grew that allowed people to travel around the world.

Model (7)

engineer – designed – has written – engineering – wrote – drew

William Henry Gates, also known as Bill Gates, is probably the richest man in America. He studied (1) ..... and became the world's most famous computer (2) ..... . When he was 15, he (3) ..... a system for controlling traffic in Seattle. In 1975 he (4) ..... a book on the computer programming language BASIC. He left Harvard and started writing computer programmes.

Model (8)

plug in – fill in – can – password – charge – able

My older brother Karim is very excited because he has a new phone. First, he needed to (1) ..... the battery. To do this, he plugged in the phone and turn it on. Then he left it for a few hours. Next, he needed to (2) ..... some information about himself. The phone asked for a (3) ..... . Now he (4) ..... log in and use his phone. It's very nice!

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2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Model (1)

1. To be ..... means to be good at thinking of new ideas or ways to do something.
   a) create b) creative c) useless d) anxious
2. The antonym of the word outdoors is ..... .
   a) outside b) outdoor c) indoor d) inside
3. We can form an adjective when we add "....." to the verb "help".
   a) -ful b) -ness c) -ily d) or
4. The synonym of the word champions is "....."
   a) losers b) winners c) workers d) spectators
5. "Terrible" is the same meaning of "....."
   a) delicious b) wonderful c) horrible d) suitable
6. To make an opposite form of "possible", we add the prefix "....."
   a) in b) un c) dis d) im

Model (2)

1. The word "breathe" means "....."
   a) take in air b) take out air c) thin d) a and b
2. The opposite of "awake" is "....."
   a) sleep b) alive c) asleep d) a life
3. When we want to form an adjective from the verb "understand", we add "....."
   a) -ing b) -ly c) -or d) -ily
4. ..... is take something such as a letter to a place.
   a) Drive b) Deliver C) Receive d) Recommend
5. To make a negative form of the word "suitable", we add the prefix "....."
   a) un b) im c) dis d) in
6. There was a deal and I got those speakers for free. That means I paid ..... for them.
   a) some money b) a lot of money
   c) little money d) no money

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Model (3)

1. My father always asks me to shut down my computer after using it. That means I must ..... .
   a) turn it on b) turn it back c) turn it off d) fill it in
2. A "....." is a long, narrow boat for one or two people.
   a) canoe b) ship c) yacht d) steam ship
3. The synonym of the word "attractive" is "....." .
   a) ugly b) terrible c) beautiful d) horrible
4. The antonym of the word "pleasure" is "....." .
   a) sadness b) happiness c) kindness d) quietness
5. The suffix "....." is often added to an adjective to form an adverb.
   a) -ly b) ment c) -ness d) less
6. We form the opposite of the word "ability" when we add the prefix "....." .
   a) re b) im c) dis d) pre

Model (4)

1. The prefix "re" means ..... .
   a) again b) negative c) opposite d) synonym
2. When we add the suffix "ness", we form a ..... from an adjective.
   a) verb b) noun c) adverb d) preposition
3. I bought this kettle for a low price. This means I had a ..... .
   a) discount b) delivery c) customer d) discussion
4. "International" is the opposite of ..... .
   a) urban b) rural c) local d) global
5. The synonym of the word "contest" is "....." .
   a) competition b) champion
   c) player d) winner
6. "A ....." is a person whose job is to try and change the way people do things in society.
   a) customer b) campaigner
   c) business person d) dentist

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(2) Language Revision

Unit 1

1 Giving directions: إعطاء الاتجاهات:

عند وصف مكان لشخص نستخدم الفعل فى المصدر لإعطاء الاتجاهات.

- Go straight on this road. It's on the corner.
- Walk past the railway station.

ويمكن استخدام حروف جر معينة لوصف الاتجاهات:

next to	بجوار	on the right/left	على اليمين/اليسار
between ... and ...	بين (اثنين) ... و ...	walk/go past	انحب/امش مارًا بـ
go straight on	اذهب مباشرة	on the corner	على الناصية/الركن
opposite	فى مقابل/مواجهة	from ... to ...	من ... إلى ...

- The school is next to the shopping centre.
- My house is opposite the library.

2 Prepositions of time: حروف الجر الخاصة بالزمان:

in	on	at	No preposition
- Months الشهور	- Days of the week أيام الأسبوع	clock times الساعات	next/ last/ this/ every/ today / tomorrow/ yesterday
- Seasons فصول السنة	- Days + parts of days أيام + فترات اليوم	Festivals مهرجانات	
- Years السنوات	- Dates التاريخ	Exact or a particular time وقت محدد	
- Centuries القرون	- Special days أيام مميزة		
- Times of day فترات اليوم			
- Longer periods of time فترات طويلة من الوقت			

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3 The Present Simple Tense: زمن المضارع البسيط:

Affirmative الإثبات

I, You, We, They, اسم جمع ⟶ inf. (eat/wash/cry)
He, She, It, اسم مفرد ⟶ inf. + s, es, ies (eats/washes/cries)

- I tidy up my room every week.
- Ali washes his car once a month.

Negative النفى

I, You, We, They, اسم جمع ⟶ don't + inf.
He, She, It, اسم مفرد ⟶ doesn't + inf.

- I don't go to the club on Fridays.
- My sister doesn't watch TV in the evening.

Question السؤال

Do/ Does + subject + inf.?
Q. word + do/does + subject + inf.?

- Do **Sally and Omar** play tennis?
- Does **Shahenda** have a car?
- Where **does Aya** live?
- When **do they** play chess?

Usage الاستخدام

يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتحدث عن الأحداث المجدولة (أى لوجود مواعيد عامة لكافة الجمهور).

- The first metro train leaves at 8:20.
- **A:** What time does the exhibition start? **B:** It starts at 9:30.

Unit 2

1 Comparing adjectives: مقارنة الصفات:

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
Short adjectives	adj. + er + than	the + adj. + est
Long adjectives	more/less + adj. + than	the most/the least + adj.

- My house is **larger** than yours.
- The second lesson was more **interesting** than the first.
- Everest is the **highest** mountain in the world.
- This is the least **expensive** jacket in the store.

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Irregular adjectives/ adverbs

ولكن هناك صفات أو ظروف غير منتظمة:

Adj./Adv. الصفة/الظرف	Comparative المقارنة بين اثنين	Superlative المقارنة بين مجموعة
good/well جيد/بشكل جيد	better (than) أفضل/أحسن (من)	the best الأفضل/الأحسن
bad/badly سيئ/بشكل سيئ	worse (than) أسوأ (من)	the worst الأسوأ
far بعيد	further/farther (than) أبعد (من)	the furthest/farthest الأبعد
little قليل (للكمية)	less (than) أقل (من)	the least الأقل
much/many كثير	more (than) أكثر (من)	the most الأكثر

- Today is the worst day I've had in all my life.
- You play tennis better than I do.

2 both/ either/ neither/none/all

(A) both ... and ... كل من ... و ...

both + 1 فاعل + and + 2 فاعل + فعل جمع دائمًا

- Both Nessma and I **like** shopping at the market.

both (of) + اسم جمع + فعل جمع دائمًا

- Both (of) the sisters **are** good at maths.

(B) either ... or ... إما ... أو ...

either + 1 فاعل + or + 2 فاعل + فعل يتبع فاعل 2 فقط

- Either you or Mona **has** to finish the report before 5 p.m.

either of + اسم جمع/ضمير مفعول جمع + فعل مفرد

- Either of these shirts **is** good. = Either of them **is** good.

(C) neither ... nor ... لا ... ولا ...

neither + 1 فاعل + nor + 2 فاعل + فعل يتبع فاعل 2 فقط

- Neither Nawal nor Nader **likes** washing the dishes.

neither of + اسم جمع/ضمير مفعول جمع + فعل مفرد

- Neither of those necklaces **is** cheap.

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(D) none/ all (of)

none of + كمية لا تعد + فعل مفرد

- None of my friends **goes** shopping every day.

all (of) + اسم جمع + فعل جمع

- All plants **need** water. = All (of) the plants in the garden **were** watered.

all (of) + اسم كمية لا يُعد + فعل مفرد

- All of the food **was** eaten.

3 The Past Tenses: أزمنة الماضى:

(A) The Past Simple Tense زمن الماضى البسيط

Subject + التصريف الثانى للفعل (affirmative)

- I ate my lunch an hour ago.

Subject + didn't + inf. ... (negative)

- They didn't play video games yesterday.

Did + **subject** + inf. ...? (Yes/No question)

- Did you go to the seaside last summer?

Q. word + did + **subject** + inf. مصدر الفعل? (Wh-question)

- How did he go to the park?

(B) The Past Continuous Tense زمن الماضى المستمر

Subject + was/were + v + ing ... . (affirmative)

- He was doing his homework.
- The children were eating.

Subject + was/were + not + v + ing ... . (negative)

- I wasn't sleeping.
- You weren't studying.

Was/ Were + subject + + v + ing ...? (Yes/No question)

- Was he reading at 12 a.m. last night?

Q. word + was/ were + subject + v + ing ...? (Wh-question)

- What were you doing at 6 o'clock yesterday?

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When & While

When + ماضٍ بسيط , ماضٍ مستمر

when + ماضٍ بسيط + ماضٍ مستمر

- When I **phoned** my friends, they **were playing** the piano.

While/AS + ماضٍ مستمر , ماضٍ بسيط

while/as + ماضٍ مستمر + ماضٍ بسيط

- While/As I **was riding** my bike, I **fell** off.

While/As + ماضٍ مستمر , ماضٍ مستمر

للتعبير عن حدثين مستمرين فى نفس الوقت فى الماضى

- While/As mum **was cooking**, I **was cleaning** the house.

Unit 3

1 The Present Continuous Tense: زمن المضارع المستمر:

يستخدم المضارع المستمر للتحدث عن الخطط والترتيبات المستقبلية النهائية (مستقبل مرتب له مسبقًا).

Form التكوين

Subject (الفاعل) + am/ is/ are (not) + v + ing

- We're starting a project next month.
- I am not travelling abroad next summer holiday.

Keywords الكلمات الدالة

Look! – Listen! – now – still – at the moment – at the present

- Look! Ali is riding his new bike.
- Listen! Mona is singing beautifully.

Question السؤال

1. Yes/No questions:

Is/Are + subject + v + ing?

- Is Salma travelling to Rome?
- Are they playing tennis now?

2. Wh- questions:

Q. word + is/are + subject + v + ing?

- What is Hany doing?
- Where are the girls going?

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2 Adjectives ending in *-ing* or *-ed*: الصفات:

- **Use adjectives ending in *-ing* to describe a noun (thing/person) that causes a feeling.**

نستخدم الصفات التى تنتهى بـ ing- (لوصف الاسم/ الشىء/الشخص) مسبب الصفة للآخرين.

- The scene of rubbish was **disappointing**.
- The results of the survey were **interesting**.

- **Use adjectives ending in *-ed* to describe a feeling.**

نستخدم الصفات التى تنتهى بـ ed- (أى عند الشعور بالصفة) لوصف الشعور.

- Khaled was **disappointed** to see the rubbish.
- I was **interested** to see the results of the survey.

3 be going to

Subject (الفاعل) + am/is/are + (not) going to + **inf.**

- I'm (not) going to **buy** a new car.
- Omar is (n't) going to **join** a boarding school.

- **Use 'be going to' for future plans, decisions and intentions.**

تستخدم للخطط والقرارات والنوايا المستقبلية.

- We're going to start our own social network service.
- The street is going to be closed on Saturday.

1. Yes/No questions:

Is/Are + subject + going to + **inf.** ...?

- **A:** Is Adam going to **buy** another book? **B:** Yes, he is.
- **A:** Are you going to **donate** food to charities? **B:** Yes, I am.

2. Wh-questions:

Q. word + is/are + subject + going to + **inf.** ...?

- What is Heba going to **do**?
- When are they going to **leave** school?

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Unit 4

1 The Present Perfect Tense: زمن المضارع التام:

Subject + has/ have + P.P.
Subject + hasn't/ haven't + P.P.

- I have ('ve) eaten Chinese food.
- They haven't slept in a tent.
- They have ('ve) ridden a horse.
- Amira hasn't won the competition.

1. Yes/No questions:

Has + (he, she, it, اسم مفرد) + **P.P.**?
Have + (I, you, we, they, اسم جمع) + **P.P.**?

- Has he **read** the book yet?
- Have they **eaten** lunch?

2. Wh-questions:

Q. word + has + (he, she, it, اسم مفرد) + **P.P.**?
Q. word + have + (I, you, we, they, اسم جمع) + **P.P.**?

- **When** has your father **visited** Paris?
- What have you **done** since 6 o'clock?

2 Key words: الكلمات الدالة:

(A) ever/never

(١) never (أبداً) تستخدم فى وسط جملة المضارع التام، أى بعد (have/has) لتدل على النفى.

Subject + **have/has** + never + P.P.

- He **has** never **been** to Paris.

(٢) ever (من قبل) تستخدم فى وسط السؤال فى المضارع التام أى بعد (have/has) والفاعل وقبل P.P.

Have/Has + subject + ever + P.P.?

- **Has** your father ever **visited** Paris?

B) since/for

(٢) وعند ذكر وقت مع المضارع التام نستخدم قبل الوقت كلمتى (for لمدة) أو (since منذ).

Subject + **have/has** + **P.P.** + for/since + وقت

- Lama **has had** her phone for two years. (for + مدة محددة)
- Mr Sabri **has been** at this school since 2020. (since + بداية المدة)

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تعرف على الفرق فى الاستخدام بين since/for:

for + a period of time المدة كاملة دون ذكر البداية		since + a point in time يذكر بداية الوقت	
for + عدد + وقت	for two (hours/days/ weeks/months/ years/centuries)	since + اليوم/الشهر السنة/ فترات اليوم/فصول السنة/	since (two o'clock/ Sunday/May/2010/ morning/ winter)
for + the last + وقت	for the last (Sunday/week/ month/May/year)	- since + last + وقت - since + اسم (بدون فاعل)	since last (Sunday/ week/month/May/ year)
for a while للحظة/for ages لمدة طويلة / for long لمدة طويلة/for over لمدة أكثر من / for more than لمدة أكثر من/for a long time لمدة طويلة/for all of his life طوال حياته		since yesterday منذ أمس / since the age of منذ سن/ since then منذ ذلك الحين	

3 The difference between the Present Perfect and Past Simple:
الفرق بين المضارع التام والماضى البسيط

The Present Perfect Tense زمن المضارع التام	The Past Simple Tense زمن الماضى البسيط
Use it for past actions when the time is not important or for things that still continue now. نستخدمه لأحداث ماضية عندما لا يكون الوقت مهمًا أو للأشياء التى ما زالت مستمرة حتى الآن (لا يحدد الوقت تمامًا). • I have been deaf all my life. • I have never been to another country.	**Use it for finished actions in the past. We usually say when it happened.** نستخدمه لأحداث منتهية فى الماضى، وعادة ما نذكر وقت الحدوث (مع كلمات دالة على الماضى). • **Last** year, I visited Cairo. • We moved to the city three years **ago**.

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Unit 5

The Present Perfect with already and yet:

المضارع التام مع already و yet.

1 already: بالفعل:

تستخدم فى وسط جملة المضارع التام: أى بعد (have/has) أو آخر الجملة لتدل على أن الحدث قد تم فعلًا.

Subject + have/has + **already** + P.P.

- She has **already** written a book of stories.

Subject + have/has + P.P. + **already**.

- They have played in two concerts **already**.

2 yet: حتى الآن/بعد:

تستخدم فى آخر الجملة المنفية للمضارع التام وأيضًا آخر السؤال مع المضارع التام.

Subject + haven't/hasn't + P.P. + **yet**.

- She hasn't been to another country **yet**.
- I haven't done my homework **yet**.

Have/Has + subject + P.P. + **yet**?

- Has she played a musical instrument **yet**?
- Have the girls cleaned the house **yet**?

Unit 6

Modal Verbs: الأفعال الناقصة:

1. Necessity: الضرورة

In the present: فى المضارع

Subject + must + inf. المصدر
Subject + have to/has to + inf. المصدر

- Friends must **keep** secrets.
- I have to **be** good at science subjects.

In the past: فى الماضى

Subject + had to + inf. المصدر

- I had to **tell** my parents about my exam results.

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2. Lack of necessity: عدم الضرورة

In the present: فى المضارع

Subject + don't/doesn't + have to + inf. المصدر

Ex: • You don't have to **see** this as a negative thing.

In the past: فى الماضى

Subject + didn't + have to + inf. المصدر

• I didn't have to **do** what my friends suggested.

3. Prohibition: النهى/التحريم/المنع/الحظر

Subject + mustn't + inf. المصدر

• I mustn't **talk** to some people in the class.

4. Advice: النصيحة

Subject + should/shouldn't + inf. المصدر (ينبغى أن) (لا ينبغى أن)

• You should **talk** to your friends in a good way.
• You shouldn't **tell** others about your password.

5. Possibility: الاحتمال

Subject + might + inf. المصدر

• They might **be** more understanding than you think.

6) Ability in the past: القدرة فى الماضى

Subject + could/couldn't + inf. المصدر (استطاع أن) (لم يستطع أن)
Subject + was-wasn't/were-weren't + able to + inf. المصدر (كان قادرًا أن) (لم يكن قادرًا أن)

• I could **ride** a bike when I was four.
• Karim was able to **speak** English at the age of seven.
• We couldn't **understand** why he did it.
• They weren't able to **solve** the difficult problem.
• I wasn't able to **do** this difficult sum.
• The children were able to **tidy** the house themselves.

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Language Exercises

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Mr Sabri has been at this school ..... (for) 2020.
2. It is Lara's birthday today and she has ..... (eat) a lot of cake!
3. I ..... (not/read) that book yet.
4. ..... (you/ever/be) to Giza?
5. As I ..... (surf) the internet, I dropped my phone.
6. The grey carpet is nice, but I prefer the orange one because it is ..... (most) colourful.
7. The film was terrible. I think it was the ..... (worse) film I've ever seen!
8. I was ..... (disappoint) to hear that the community centre was closed.
9. The children were very ..... (exciting) when they saw Mohammed Salah.
10. We're ..... (going/clean up) the neighbourhood at 7 a.m.
11. How long has your father ..... (work) here?
12. We have ..... (never/be) to France.
13. ..... (Does) your mother made the birthday cake?
14. Where have you ..... (spend) the summer holiday?
15. Sara ..... (didn't make) dinner yet.
16. Last Friday, we ..... (have gone) to Benha to visit our grandparents.
17. My sisters ..... (already have) done the housework.
18. Mariam hasn't gone shopping ..... (already).
19. Students ..... (has to) wear the school uniform.
20. We ..... (don't have to) touch these objects. It's forbidden.
21. She is in trouble. We ..... (mustn't) help her.
22. It's Friday! We ..... (have to) get up early.
23. From the bank, ... (turning) right and go straight on.
24. My son goes to school ..... (on) seven thirty every day.
25. What time ..... (do) the train to Aswan leave?
26. The programme ..... (finish) at 12 p.m.
27. His car ..... (much modern) than mine.

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28 My cousin is ..... (fast) than my brother.
29 ..... (Neither) Ola or Esraa goes shopping on Fridays.
30 What were you doing when I ..... (phone) you?
31 While we ..... (was) sleeping, the phone rang.
32 When is Hany ..... (go) to Luxor?
33 The film was ..... (bored). I don't recommend it to you.
34 We decided that we are ..... (go) to go on a school trip.
35 How are you going ..... (spend) your weekend?
36 I've just ..... (have) lunch.
37 Samy was driving home ..... (as) he saw a terrible accident.
38 Have you ..... (never) ridden a camel?
39 ..... (Is) your parents going to travel to Hurghada?
40 She has not seen him ..... (since) a long time.
41 How ..... (many) have you lived in this town?
42 My friends ..... (didn't) visited me since last Monday.
43 I ..... (have got) married a few months ago.
44 How are you going ..... (solve) this problem?
45 We ..... (haven't gone) to school yesterday.
46 ..... (Does) your mother cooked lunch?
47 Where have you ..... (spend) the summer holiday?
48 We decided that we are ..... (go) to go on a boat trip.
49 I ..... (buy) this book last Friday.
50 My new bike is ..... (fast) than yours.
51 This machine is neither useful ..... (or) cheap.
52 Mona ..... (didn't make) lunch yet.
53 Aya has just ..... (did) her homework.
54 Where have you ..... (spend) the summer holiday?
55 I ..... (buy) this book last Friday.
56 Aya has just ..... (did) her homework.
57 I ..... (already have) had my lunch.
58 ..... (Neither) Ali or Samy goes swimming on Fridays.
59 Roaa hasn't studied her lessons ..... (already).

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Part 3 Skills Revision

(1) Speaking Skills

Unit 1

1. Asking for and giving directions طلب وإعطاء الاتجاهات

Situation ما يقال فى هذا الموقف	Response جملة الرد
Where's the library, please? أين المكتبة من فضلك؟	Walk/Go past the restaurant, it's on the right. امشِ مارًا بالمطعم، إنها على اليمين.
How do I go/get from the market to the cinema? كيف أصل من السوق إلى السينما؟	Take the second road, turn right, it's on the left. اسلك الطريق الثانى، اتجه يمينًا، إنها على اليسار.
How do I go/get to the station, please? كيف أصل إلى المحطة من فضلك؟	Go straight on, then turn left. It's on the corner. انحب مباشرة (فى خط مستقيم) ثم اتجه يسارًا. إنها على الناصية.
Could you tell me the way to the park? هل يمكن أن تخبرنى الطريق إلى الحديقة؟	It's on the right, opposite the bank. إنها على اليمين، مقابل البنك.
How far? كم تبعد؟	For about 10 minutes. حوالى ١٠ دقائق.

Type a message

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2. Discussing timetables and public transport
مناقشة الجداول الزمنية والمواصلات العامة

Situation	ما يقال فى هذا الموقف	Response	جملة الرد
When is the exhibition?	متى يكون المعرض؟	It is at 09:30.	إنه فى التاسعة والنصف.
What time is the next train?	ما موعد القطار التالى؟	The next train goes in five minutes.	القطار التالى سينطلق خلال خمس دقائق.
What time does the train leave?	متى سيغادر القطار؟	It leaves at 11:30 am.	سيغادر فى الحادية عشرة والنصف صباحًا.
Which platform does the train leave from?	من أى رصيف سيغادر القطار؟	It leaves from platform 7.	سيغادر من الرصيف رقم سبعة.
Where does the train to Aswan go from?	من أين سينطلق القطار إلى أسوان؟	It goes from platform 5.	سينطلق من الرصيف رقم خمسة.
What is the last station that the train goes to?	ما هى آخر محطة سيذهب إليها القطار؟	It goes to Alexandria.	سيذهب إلى الإسكندرية.
How long does the journey take by metro?	كم تستغرق الرحلة بالمترو؟	It takes 30 minutes.	تستغرق ثلاثين دقيقة.

Type a message

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3. Making and responding to suggestions

تقديم اقتراحات والرد عليها

Situation	ما يقال فى هذا الموقف	Response	جملة الرد
Would you like to meet up tomorrow?	هل تود أن نتقابل غدًا؟	That would be great!	سيكون ذلك عظيمًا!
Would you like to do that?	هل تريد أن تفعل ذلك؟	That sounds like a great idea. I'd love to!	تبدو فكرة عظيمة. أود ذلك!
Shall we go to the park, then?	هل نذهب للحديقة العامة بعد ذلك؟	I'd prefer to go somewhere indoors.	أفضل أن نذهب لمكان داخلى.
Why don't you come to my house?	لم لا تأتى لمنزلى؟	I'm not sure!	لست متأكدًا من ذلك!
How about the museum?	ماذا عن المتحف؟	That would be wonderful!	سيكون ذلك رائعًا.
We could go to the museum café for lunch.	يمكننا أن نذهب إلى كافيتريا المتحف للغداء.	It would be nice to play a computer game.	سيكون من اللطيف أن نلعب لعبة من ألعاب الكمبيوتر.

Type a message

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Unit 2

1. Buying something in a shop
شراء شىء من محل

Situation ما يقال فى هذا الموقف	Response جملة الرد
- Can I help you? - How can I help you?	هل يمكننى مساعدتك؟ كيف يمكننى مساعدتك؟
- I'm looking for a new TV. - I would like to buy a new TV.	أنا أبحث عن تلفاز جديد. أود أن أشترى تلفازًا جديدًا.
OK, no problem. Both of these TVs have a big discount.	حسنًا، لا توجد مشكلة. كلٌ من هذين التلفازين عليهما خصم كبير.
Are they smart TVs?	هل هى تلفازات ذكية؟
No, sorry. Neither of these is a smart TV.	لا للأسف، لا تلفاز منهم ذكى.
That one is a bit small. How much is the bigger one?	هذا التلفاز صغير قليلًا، كم ثمن التلفاز الأكبر؟
It's 8000 pounds.	إنه بثمانية آلاف جنيه.
That's a bit expensive to me. Is that your best price?	إنه غالٍ قليلًا بالنسبة لى. هل هذا هو أفضل سعر؟
Yes, sorry. But I'm offering a deal today. You can get either a speaker or a free films deal with that one.	نعم للأسف. ولكنى أعرض صفقة اليوم. يمكنك الحصول على مكبر صوت أو صفقة أفلام مجانية مع هذا التلفاز.
Oh, well that's great because I need a new speaker.	حسنًا، هذا عظيم لأننى أحتاج إلى مكبر صوت جديد.

Type a message

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2. Making and answering a complaint

تقديم شكوى والرد عليها

Situation	ما يقال فى هذا الموقف	Response	جملة الرد
Hello, how can I help you?	مرحبًا، هل يمكننى مساعدتك؟		
Hello, I want to make a complaint.	مرحبًا، أريد أن أقدم شكوى.		
Oh, dear. What's the problem?	يا إلهى! ما المشكلة؟		
Your website says the delivery takes five days, but I'm still waiting!	يفيد موقعكم الإلكترونى أن التوصيل يستغرق ٥ أيام، ولكنى ما زلت أنتظر.		
I'm very sorry about that. Can I take your name and the order number please?	آسف جدًا بشأن هذا. هل يمكننى أن أحصل على اسمك ورقم الطلب من فضلك؟		
Yes, it's Waleed Ali, and the order number is 3-4-4-5-3-8.	نعم، أنا وليد على. رقم الطلب هو ٣٤٤٥٣٨.		
You ordered 50 pots for delivery to Kenya, is that right?	لقد طلبت ٥٠ إناءً للتوصيل. هل هذا صحيح؟		
That's correct.	هذا صحيح.		
I'll call you back. Can I take your phone number please?	سأعاود الاتصال بك. هل يمكننى الحصول على رقمك؟		
Yes, it's 254 667578. Can you call me back today, please?	نعم، إنه ٢٥٤٦٦٧٥٧٨. هل يمكنك معاودة الاتصال اليوم؟		
Of course.	بالطبع؟		
Thank you. Goodbye.	شكرًا، إلى اللقاء.		

Type a message

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Unit 3

Using formal and informal introductions and greetings
استخدام التقديم والتحية الرسمية وغير الرسمية

Formal رسمى	Informal غير رسمى
use formal language with people you don't know	use informal language with family and friends
A) Greetings التحية	
- Hello, Mr Reda. مرحبًا سيد رضا. - Good morning. صباح الخير.	- Hi! أهلًا. - Hi, there. أهلًا/مرحبًا.
B) Introductions التقديم	
- I'd like to introduce myself. أود أن أقدم نفسى. - I'd like you to meet my friend, Habiba. أود أن أقدم صديقتى، حبيبة. - I'd like to introduce my friend, Nader. أود أن أقدم صديقى، نادر.	- I'm Adam. أنا آدم. - Adam, meet Omar. آدم، قابل عمر. - This is my friend, Basma. هذه صديقتى بسمة. - Do you know my friend, Imad? هل تعرف صديقى عماد؟ - Meet my friend, Donia. قابل صديقتى دنيا. - Have you been introduced to my mother? هل تم تقديمك لوالدتى؟ - Have you met Mr Mostafa Morsy? هل قابلت السيد مصطفى مرسى؟
C) Greetings for the first time تحية لأول مرة	
- Nice to meet you. من اللطف أن أقابلك. - Pleased to meet you. سعدت بلقائك. - It's a pleasure to meet you. من السعادة أن أقابلك.	والرد يكون بـ: - Nice to meet you, too. من اللطف أن أقابلك، أيضًا. - Pleased to meet you, too. سعدت بلقائك، أيضًا.

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Unit 4

1. Asking and answering questions about experiences

السؤال والإجابة عن الخبرات

Situation	ما يقال فى هذا الموقف	Response	جملة الرد

Which people in your family have been to another country?
أى الأشخاص فى عائلتك ذهبوا إلى دولة أخرى؟

My uncle has been to France. — ذهب عمى إلى فرنسا.

Has anyone in your family climbed a mountain?
هل أى شخص من عائلتك تسلق جبلًا؟

Yes. My cousin has climbed a mountain. — قام ابن خالى بتسلق جبل.

Have any of your cousins got married? — هل تزوج أى شخص من أبناء عمومتك؟

No, none of them has married. — لا، لم يتزوج أى منهم.

When did Talia's grandmother move to the house she lives in now?
متى انتقلت جدة تاليا إلى المنزل الذى تعيش فية الآن؟

She moved to it 7 years ago. — انتقلت إليه منذ سبع سنوات.

How long has Talia's grandmother been married? — كم مدة زواج جدة تاليا؟

She has been married since 1980. — إنها متزوجة منذ عام ١٩٨٠.

How long have you lived in your house? — كم المدة التى عشتها فى منزلك؟

I've lived there since I was born. — عشت هناك منذ ولادتى.

Type a message

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2. Talking about experiences
التحدث عن الخبرات

Situation ما يقال فى هذا الموقف | **Response** جملة الرد

Have you ever moved to a new house?
هل سبق لك وانتقلت لمنزل جديد؟

Yes, I have.
نعم.

When did you move to a new house?
متى انتقلت لمنزل جديد؟

We moved 3 years ago.
انتقلنا منذ ثلاث سنوات.

Where did you move to a new house?
أين انتقلتم؟

We moved to a house in Mohandseen.
انتقلنا لمنزل بالمهندسين.

Have you ever joined a sports club?
هل سبق لك أن انضممت لنادٍ رياضى؟

Yes, I have.
نعم.

Which club did you join?
إلى أى نادٍ انضممت؟

I joined Al Gazeera Sports Club.
انضممت لنادى الجزيرة.

Type a message

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Unit 5

1. Discussing jobs
مناقشة الوظائف

Situation	ما يقال فى هذا الموقف	Response	جملة الرد
Which university did Samar go to?	لأى جامعة ذهبت سمر؟	She went to Cairo University.	ذهبت لجامعة القاهرة.
What competition did she enter?	ما المسابقة التى اشتركت بها؟	She entered a space technology competition.	اشتركت بمسابقة لتكنولوجيا الفضاء.
Who was in her team?	من كان بفريقها؟	Some engineering students from the university.	بعض طلاب الهندسة من الجامعة.
Where did other teams come from?	من أين أتت باقى الفرق المشاركة؟	They came from universities all around the world.	أتوا من جامعات من جميع أنحاء العالم.
When did Samar start her company?	متى أنشأت سمر شركتها؟	Three years later, after Samar had returned from the USA.	بعد ثلاث سنوات من عودة سمر من الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية.
Who did she give speeches to?	لمن قامت سمر بإلقاء الخطب؟	To other young engineers to help them achieve their goals.	ألقت خطبًا لصغار المهندسين لمساعدتهم على تحقيق أهدافهم.

Type a message

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2. Talking about sports tournaments

التحدث عن البطولات الرياضية

Situation	ما يقال فى هذا الموقف	Response	جملة الرد
Have you ever watched a sports tournament at a stadium or on the TV?	هل سبق لك وشاهدت بطولة رياضية فى الاستاد أو على شاشة التلفاز؟	Yes, I have.	نعم.
Which one? Who won?	أى بطولة؟ وما الفريق الفائز؟	I watched the 2021 World Men's Handball Championship in Egypt. Denmark won.	نعم، شاهدت بطولة العالم لكرة اليد للرجال ٢٠٢١ بمصر. وفاز بها منتخب الدنمارك.
Did you enjoy it?	هل استمتعت بها؟	Yes, of course.	نعم بالطبع.
Have you ever been in a tournament or a competition (for sport, music, art, etc.)? What did you do?	هل سبق لك واشتركت ببطولة أو منافسة رياضية أو موسيقية أو فنية؟ ماذا فعلت؟	Yes, I have been in a football competition at school. Our team has won the cup.	نعم، لقد اشتركت بمسابقة رياضية بالمدرسة وقد فاز فريقنا بالكأس.
Did you enjoy the competition?	هل استمتعت بالمسابقة؟	Yes, I enjoyed it very much.	نعم، استمتعت بها كثيرًا جدًا.

Type a message

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3. Responding to good news الرد على الأخبار الجيدة

- Well done!	- أحسنت!
- Great news!	- أخبار عظيمة!
- That's incredible.	- هذا لا يصدق!
- Great job. Well done!	- أداء عظيم. أحسنت!
- I knew you would do well.	- كنت أعلم أنك ستؤدى جيدًا.
- You did really well.	- لقد أديت بشكل جيد حقًا.
- What an amazing achievement!	- يا له من إنجاز رائع!
- I'm really happy for you.	- أنا حقًا سعيد من أجلك.
- You worked really hard.	- لقد عملت بجد حقًا.

Unit 6

Discussing teenage worries and suggesting solutions to problems

مناقشة أمور مقلقة للمراهقين واقتراح حلول

Situation ما يقال فى هذا الموقف	Response جملة الرد
I'm embarrassed about being so tall.	أنا محرج من كونى طويلًا جدًا.
You shouldn't feel bad about being tall. Your height is a positive thing!	يجب ألا تشعر بالسوء تجاه طولك. إنه شىء إيجابى!
For me, exams are a problem. I get very anxious about them.	بالنسبة لى، الامتحانات هى مشكلتى، أشعر بالقلق الشديد تجاهها.
I guess we're all good at different subjects, and not so good at others.	أعتقد أننا جميعًا جيدون فى مواد مختلفة، ولسنا جيدين فى مواد أخرى.
Cyberbullying is a problem, too.	التنمر الإلكترونى مشكلة أيضًا.
You should tell a teacher or a parent.	يجب أن تخبر معلمًا أو ولى أمر.

Type a message

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Speaking Exercises

1 Finish the following dialogue:

A tourist is lost and asking the way to the museum.

Tourist : Excuse me, can you help me? I'm lost!
You : (1).....?
Tourist : I'd like to go to the museum, but I can't find it. Is it far?
You : No, not really. It's about a five-minute walk.
Tourist : (2).....?
You : Turn right at the traffic lights. Do you see them?
Tourist : (3)..... .
You : Right, at the traffic lights, (4)..... .
Tourist : OK. Thanks a lot.
You : (5)..... .

2 Finish the following dialogue:

A Customer is buying a blouse and a pair of trousers.

Store clerk : Hello, can I help you find anything?
Customer : (1)..... .
Store clerk : Great. (2).....?
Customer : Black.
Store clerk : What size would you like?
Customer : (3)..... . Now, let's take a look at the trousers.
Store clerk : Here's a pair. Would you like to try them on?
Customer : (4)..... . How much are they?
Store clerk : (5)..... .
Customer : Here you are.

3 Finish the following dialogue:

A man is making a complaint about buying a kettle.

Man : Good afternoon, I'd like to make a complaint.
Assistant : (1).....?
Man : I ordered something from your website but it hasn't arrived.
Assistant : (2)..... . What did you order?
Man : (3)..... .
Assistant : Would you like to come to our shop? We have one here.
Man : Thank you. (4).....?
Assistant : It's next to the museum. From the station, turn right. We are on the left.
Man : What time do you open?
Assistant : (5)..... 8 am to 4 pm every day except Friday.

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4 Finish the following dialogue:

Nagy meet Sally in Cairo for the first time.

Sally : Hello. My name is Sally. What's your name?
Nagy : (1)..... (2).....!
Sally : Nice to meet you, too.
Nagy : (3).....?
Sally : I'm from Tanta.
Nagy : Tanta? (4).....?
Sally : I'm here because I study at Ain Shams University.
Nagy : That's very interesting.
Sally : (5).....?
Nagy : I'm from Giza, but I work in Cairo.

5 Finish the following dialogue:

Shady is meeting Raouf after a long time.

Shady: Hello Raouf, how're you doing?
Raouf : Fine. I've just returned from the USA. (1).....?
Shady: I'm good. Thanks. How was your trip?
Raouf : (2)..... . I've some business interests in the USA.
Shady: I see. (3).....?
Raouf : Yes, I've been to the USA a few times. Actually this was my third trip this year.
Shady: Have you met interesting people during your trip?
Raouf : (4)..... . It was a great experience.
Shady: Your sister lives in the USA, right? Did you visit her?
Raouf : (5)..... . She lives in Hawaii.

6 Finish the following dialogue:

Mira received a wrong email about the award.

Mira : Yes, yes, yes. Ah, I did it!
Kenzy: (1).....?
Mira : Yes! I won the award!
Kenzy: Oh wow! (2)..... .
Mira : Thank you! It's so exciting.
Kenzy: I know! That's wonderful! (3)..... .
Mira : WHAT? You cannot be serious!
Kenzy: Oh dear. (4).....?
Mira : They sent me the wrong email. I didn't win. Someone else won.
Kenzy: (5)..... .

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(2) Writing Skills

Write it right

Unit 1

"A review of your visit to Ismailia"

Last weekend , I went on a nice trip to Ismailia, which is between Port Said and Suez. The Suez Canal runs through the city before it reaches the sea. Ismailia is beautiful. There are attractive buildings, interesting monuments and lots of gardens. Around 350,000 people live here, but since traffic is slow, there isn't much pollution. Ismailia is peaceful, but it isn't boring! There are lots of things to do here, especially at the weekends. I go to Lake Timsah, which is near the city, with my family. It's a beautiful lake with beaches around it. There are some interesting museums in Ismailia! My favourite is the Natural Science Museum because I'm interested in animals. It was a nice trip and I enjoyed there. It's a good place to go at the weekend.

"A review of your trip to El-Orman Garden"

My name is Karim. I'm very happy to visit El-Orman Garden! It's a famous place to visit. The garden opens at 9 am, and it takes about an hour to get there by car. The online reviews are fantastic. The gardens are very big and there are lots to see. Make sure that you wear comfortable shoes! You can see wild flowers and plants from all over the country. There is also a small lake and a museum. What would you like to see first? We could bring some food with us or we could go to a nearby café for lunch. What would you prefer? There is also a lovely shop near the garden that sells pottery and jewellery!

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Write it right

Unit 2

"A review of online shopping"

We all know that shopping online is very useful because it has many advantages. It saves time and money. You buy what you want without moving. However, my opinion about that changed when I decided to buy a present online. I visited websites for electronics until I found this website. I ordered a toaster as a present for my mother on her birthday. The website said the delivery would be in two days, but the delivery arrived in two weeks. I opened the box and put it in the kitchen. It looked great and good, but when I plugged it in, it made smoke then a fire. That was terrible. At once I called them and asked them I want to send it back. They were kind and they were sorry. After two days a new toaster arrived. It was really great in the kitchen. My mum was very happy with it.

"A review of some items that you have in your kitchen"

We all agree that electronics is very important in our life. It makes our life easier and better. Our kitchen has modern items. I have an expensive kettle. I use it to get hot water. It is useful. I also have a microwave. It helps me cook food very quickly. It is expensive. My dad bought me a toaster last year. I use it to make bread turn brown. It is less useful than the microwave. It is also less expensive. I have a big fridge. I use it to keep foods and drinks cool. It is the most useful item in my kitchen. It is the most expensive, too.

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Write it right

Unit 3

"A review of the best and worst items of technology in your house"

We all agree that technology is very important in our life. It is very useful. It makes our life easier and better. The best item of technology in my house is the smart speaker. I bought it as a present for my sister. She was very happy with it. It looks great and it is very easy to use. We can use it on your television or to play music. It gives us excellent sounds. The worst item of technology in my house is the toaster. I got it as a present from one of my friends. It looked good in the kitchen. However, when we used it, the bread turned dark brown. I was not very happy with it. It was horrible.

"A short story you read"

My favourite story is Alice's adventures in Wonderland. It's a children's story by Lewis Carrol. He wrote it in 1865. Alice is the main character of the story. She is a clever girl. She's also sensible. She goes to Wonderland and meets a lot of interesting characters there.

She meets the White Rabbit who is always busy and in a hurry. The Cheshire Cat is a funny animal. He has got a big smile and he is very friendly. He tells Alice about Wonderland and helps her to find different places and characters. The Queen of Hearts is not very nice. She is a scary person. She is always angry and she shouts at people. Alice is brave, so she is not frightened of her. At the end of the story, all the characters help Alice so she can go home again. I learned from this story that friendship is very important for us.

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Write it right

Unit 4

"A biography of a person I admire"

Mohamed Salah is the person who; admire most. He was born in a village - Gharbia. He is polite and hardworking, he has played for many teams. He also plays; for the Egyptian National Team. He scored many goals for our team. He played for Roma Team. Now, he plays for Liverpool England and scored many goals. Liverpool is a very good team. I like the way by which they play. Players are so active and present great shows and good results. Happened after Salah's joining them. Salah added much speed to the team. Salah has got a lot of important awards - Africa and Europe.

"A short story of a day you spent"

Last week, our school went on a trip to the Pyramids. It was my first time to visit and see the Pyramids. I spent a very beautiful day there. I enjoyed riding a camel and a horse. There were a lot of tourists from all over the world. I spoke with them in English. Our great ancient Egyptians were really great builders and engineers. I knew that they built the Pyramids at first as tombs for themselves. I'd like to invite you to come to Giza and visit them. Really, you will enjoy and learn a lot of things. It was a nice day.

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Write it right

Unit 5

"A review of the 2021 World Men's Handball Championship"

I like handball very much. It is my favourite sport. I was so proud that the 2021 World Men's Handball Championship was held in Egypt.

It was from the 13th to the 31st of January 2021. It was also the third World Championship held in Africa, the second in Egypt, and the first to be held outside of Europe since 2015. There were over 600 competitors from 32 countries. The 32 teams were divided into eight groups of four teams each. It was a great event. The medical team has worked for months to make the tournament safe. Players and people working at the tournament have used four hotels and stayed inside a bubble. These hotels all have a health centre and every team has had a doctor to work with them. We were all very proud of our beloved country and the success of organising the championship.

"A biography of Fatma El-Banna"

Fatma Ali El-Banna was born in Alexandria in 2003. As a child, she loved learning about science and wanted to be a great scientist. After she finished Preparatory School, she started at the Science, Technology, Engineering and Maths school (STEM) in Alexandria. She then learnt more and more about science as well as how to look after the environment and Egypt's culture. When she was at school, she came first in Egypt in the NASA International Space Apps Challenge, a problem solving competition for scientists around the world. Later, she worked on a school project. She found a natural way for villages to clean dirty and to recycle used water.

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Write it right

Unit 6

"A biography of a famous sportsman"

Ali Ahmed Mahmoud Ali Khalafalla. He is an Egyptian Olympic swimmer. He was born in Cairo. He was born on 13th May, 1996. Now he is 25 years old. He started swimming at the age of six. Like any other successful person, Ali Khalafalla worked very hard to be successful in his life. He spends a lot of time on developing his skills. He studied in the USA for three years. He went to Rio Olympics in 2016. After breaking the Egyptian record that stood strong for 25 years, he set a new Egyptian record in California in 2017. He was the fastest swimmer in Egyptian history in 2018. He swam at Tokyo Olympics in 2021.

"A review of teenage problems"

Teenagers around the world have a lot of problems, and today I'd like to talk about bullying and its effects. Many people have terrible memories from school, because of the bullying they have experienced. It's important to keep in mind that there are different kinds of bullying, and different solutions: Physical bullying is the most common form of bullying. Verbal bullying is when someone insults and calls others names; he or she uses hurting language to upset others. Emotional bullying is even more serious than verbal bullying. It's to try to get someone else to feel lonely and depressed. Cyberbullying is becoming a very serious problem for teens. This type of bullying uses messaging, mobile phone text messages and online social networks. We need to keep teens aware of such bullies and teach them how to ask for help.

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Part 5 Final Exams

Exam 1

A Language Functions

5

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Tala is telling Aysel the way to her house on the phone.

Tala : Hello, Aysel. I'm waiting you at home.
Aysel : Hi, Tala. I'm next to the station. (1).....?
Tala : It's easy. (2).....
Aysel : (3).....?
Tala : It's about 20 metres.
Aysel : OK. Should I go past the botanical gardens?
Tala : (4)..... Then take the second road.
Aysel : OK. I'm taking the second road.
Tala : Then turn right at the restaurant. (5).....
Aysel : I think I can see it. I'm coming to you.

B Reading Comprehension

4

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

at – attractive – exhibitions – of – favourite – outdoors

My name's Said. I live in Cairo. It's a big and beautiful city. It's in the north of Egypt. There are lots of (1)..... parks, museums, buildings and some (2)..... . My favourite place is the Grand Egyptian Museum. I prefer to go there (3)..... weekends. I prefer being (4)..... to being at home.

3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Teenage years are the most important times of our lives. While there is excitement, they also go through different problems at home as well as school. There are different problems a teenager faces at school. To name a few are bullying and competition. Some teenagers have a sense of excellence in themselves, so always focus on the weakest amongst them and annoy them. Moreover, this plants fear in younger minds. Furthermore, the rising level of education has pressure on the youth to stay a step ahead of everyone.

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On the other hand, the pressure and expectations from parents towards their children lead to stress and anxiety. For example, not being able to share their problems with their parents or friends makes them more disappointed. Furthermore, many parents fail to understand the condition of the child.

However, certain measures can be taken to solve these problems. For example, students at school and colleges are watched, as well as necessary actions are taken up against bullying. Additionally, parents should spend more time with their teenage child. Understanding and guiding them would be extremely helpful in such situations.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The best title for the passage is ..... .
   a) teenage problems b) parents
   c) expectations d) children
2. Teenagers' life is full of ..... .
   a) excitement b) problems c) a & b d) Not a or b
3. Some teenagers who bully others think they are the ..... .
   a) best b) worst c) lowest d) ugliest

B) Answer the following questions:

4. Why should parents spend more time with their teenage child?
   .....
5. "Teenagers have a lot of problems." Mention some of these problems.
   .....
6. How do you think parents put stress on teenagers?
   .....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 3

1. We use the suffix "....." to change the noun "danger" into an adjective.
   a) -ive b) -ful c) -ous d) -able
2. We can form the opposite of "well" by adding the prefix "....." .
   a) un b) dis c) im d) re
3. The antonym of the word "attractive" is "....." .
   a) incredible b) interesting c) fantastic d) ugly

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4. ..... is something important that you have done.
   a) Arrangement b) Environment
   c) Development d) Achievement
5. My friend sent me an invitation to his birthday party. That means he asked to ..... .
   a) disagree b) stay home c) come d) refuse
6. The word comfortable is the same as ..... .
   a) relaxing b) anxious c) tiring d) noisy

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets: 5

1. From the sports centre, ... (going) straight on for about 20 metres.
2. My family have ..... (visit) Brazil a few times.
3. He doesn't ..... (has) to work in the evening.
4. Televisions are ..... (expensive) than kettles.
5. Amir ..... (has) bought a new car yet.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following: 7

"A review of your community"

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